NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON MAY 27, 2021

Date: May 27, 2021  
Time: 8:00 a.m. ET  
Place: Virtual Meeting: Online via live webcast  
www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021

AGENDA:

- To elect three (3) directors for a term expiring in 2024 (Proposal 1);
- To vote, on an advisory basis, on ICF International, Inc.’s (“ICF International,” “we,” “ICF” or “our”) overall pay-for-performance named executive officer compensation program, as disclosed in the Proxy Statement (Proposal 2);
- To ratify the selection of Grant Thornton LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2021 (Proposal 3); and
- To transact any other business that is properly brought before the meeting or any adjournment or postponement.

Pursuant to the Delaware General Corporation Law and ICF International’s Amended and Restated Bylaws, stockholders of record at the close of business on March 31, 2021 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the 2021 annual meeting of stockholders (the “Annual Meeting”). This Notice of Annual Meeting, the Proxy Statement, and form of proxy or voting instruction form are being distributed and made available on or about April 16, 2021.

Due to continuing public health concerns regarding the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”), the Annual Meeting will be a completely “virtual meeting” of stockholders. You will not be able to attend the Annual Meeting physically. Instead, you will be able to attend the Annual Meeting, as well as vote and submit your questions, during the live webcast by visiting www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021 and entering the 16-digit control number included on your proxy card. Further details regarding the virtual meeting format can be found in the “Voting and Meeting” section of the Proxy Statement.

We are pleased to utilize the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rule that allows companies to furnish their proxy materials to stockholders over the Internet. We believe that this allows us to provide you with all the information that you need while lowering the costs of delivery for, as well as reducing the environmental impact of, our Annual Meeting. As a result, we are mailing to many of our stockholders a notice, instead of a paper copy, of our Proxy Statement and 2020 Annual Report. This notice contains instructions on how to access those documents over the Internet. We direct your attention to the attached Proxy Statement for more information, including instructions on how stockholders can receive a paper copy of our proxy materials, including our Proxy Statement, our 2020 Annual Report and a form of proxy or voting instruction form. All stockholders who do not receive a notice, including stockholders who have previously requested to receive paper copies of proxy materials, will receive a paper copy of the proxy materials by mail unless they have previously requested delivery of proxy materials electronically. Employing an electronic distribution process will conserve natural resources and reduce the costs of printing and distributing our proxy materials.

It is important that your shares of ICF International common stock be represented at the Annual Meeting in order to help ensure the presence of a quorum. Even if you plan to attend the Annual Meeting electronically via live webcast, please vote your shares of ICF International common stock by mailing your completed proxy or voting instruction form, or voting electronically or telephonically, as doing so will ensure your representation at the Annual Meeting regardless of whether you attend electronically via live webcast. Thank you for your cooperation and continued support of ICF International.
CAST YOUR VOTE RIGHT AWAY

We hope you will exercise your rights as a stockholder and fully participate in our virtual Annual Meeting. It is very important that you vote in order to play a part in the future of our Company. You do not need to attend the virtual Annual Meeting to vote your shares.

If you hold your shares through a broker, bank or nominee, they are not permitted to vote on your behalf for the election of directors and other matters to be considered at the Annual Meeting (except for ratification of the selection of Grant Thornton LLP as the independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2021), unless you provide specific instructions by completing and returning the voting instruction form or following the instructions provided to you to vote your shares via telephone or the internet, all as provided to you or as instructed by your broker, bank or nominee. For your vote to be counted, you will need to communicate your voting decisions to your broker, bank or nominee before the date of the stockholder meeting.

Even if you plan to attend our Annual Meeting electronically via live webcast, please read the Proxy Statement with care and vote right away using any of the following methods. In all cases, have your notice, proxy card or voting instruction form in hand and follow the instructions.

**BY INTERNET USING YOUR COMPUTER**

Visit 24/7
www.proxyvote.com

**BY TELEPHONE**

Registered Owners dial
toll-free 24/7
1-800-690-6903

**BY MAILING YOUR PROXY CARD**

Cast your ballot,
sign your proxy card
and send by free post

### Participating in the Annual Meeting

A summary of the information you need to participate in the Annual Meeting online is provided below:

2. Webcast starts at 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time.
3. Stockholders may vote and submit questions while attending the Annual Meeting on the Internet.
4. Please have your 16-digit control number to participate in the Annual Meeting.
5. Information on how to participate via the Internet is posted at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021.
To assist you in reviewing the proposals to be acted upon at the 2021 annual meeting of stockholders (the “Annual Meeting”), we call your attention to the following information about ICF International, Inc.’s ("ICF International," "ICF," the “Company,” “we,” “our” or “us”) 2020 financial performance, key executive compensation actions and decisions, and corporate governance highlights. The following description is only a summary. For more complete information about these topics, please review the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on February 26, 2021 (the “2020 Form 10-K”), and the complete Proxy Statement that follows.

### Proposals Which Require Your Vote

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<td>Elect three (3) directors to the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company to serve for a term expiring at our annual meeting in 2024</td>
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<td>FOR each Director Nominee</td>
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<td>PROPOSAL 3</td>
<td>Ratify the selection of Grant Thornton LLP (&quot;Grant Thornton&quot;) as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2021</td>
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### About ICF International

ICF provides professional services and technology-based solutions to government and commercial clients, including management, marketing, technology, and policy consulting and implementation services. We help our clients conceive, develop, implement, and improve solutions that address complex business, natural resource, social, technological, and public safety issues. Our nearly 7,500 total employees serve clients from our headquarters in the Washington D.C. metropolitan area, our 56 regional offices throughout the U.S. and 22 offices outside the U.S., including offices in the United Kingdom, Belgium, China, India and Canada. ICF’s website is [www.icf.com](http://www.icf.com).

As of December 31, 2020, ICF had total annual revenue of $1.51 billion, total consolidated assets of approximately $1.67 billion and total consolidated stockholders' equity of approximately $0.75 billion.

ICF International is a Delaware corporation and our principal executive offices are located at 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031.
2020 Business Highlights

Financial Performance. All financial numbers referenced below were previously reported in the 2020 Form 10-K. Additional discussion of each of the metrics listed below can also be found in the 2020 Form 10-K.

In 2020, one of the most challenging business periods in recent history, we won a record $2 billion in contract awards, laying the foundation for strong future growth. Our employees adapted quickly to working remotely, seamlessly executing programs and winning new business. We achieved solid performance despite COVID-19’s significant impact to certain parts of our business. Total 2020 revenue amounted to $1.51 billion, representing 1.9% growth over the $1.48 billion reported for 2019. Service revenue increased 4.1% year-over-year to $1.04 billion, from $1.00 billion in 2019. 2020 net income amounted to $55.0 million, or $2.87 per diluted share, inclusive of $0.79 of tax-effected special charges, of which $0.53 represented one-time executive retirement and lease-related charges. This compares to net income of $68.9 million reported in 2019, or $3.59 per diluted share, inclusive of $0.24 of special charges.

We continue to work with our stakeholders to assess the pandemic’s further implications to our business and to mitigate adverse consequences to clients and employees. To protect employee health and safety, we anticipate delivery of the majority of our services remotely while COVID-19 remains a threat. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (“CARES”) Act contains a provision that allows federal contractors to seek specified reimbursement for certain employees who are unable to perform their contract requirements due to government restrictions. We did not have any significant claims under the CARES Act, with its reimbursements subject to limitations and not extending past December 31, 2020. ICF did exercise the option to defer payment of the employer portion of the Social Security tax during 2020, which amounted to approximately $20.9 million, with 50% to be repaid by December 31, 2021 and the remainder by December 31, 2022.

As part of management actions to counter the impact of COVID-19 on our employees, management:

- Instituted a staff redeployment process to reposition impacted employees to other positions within the company.
- Effectively shared available work by moving certain employees to reduced hours while maintaining benefits eligibility.
- Implemented short-term furloughs, including on a rotating basis to share available work.
- Established a program enabling employees to donate earned time off for use by eligible impacted employees.
- Provided limited paid benefits for employees separated as a result of COVID-19’s impact on client work.
- In areas of the business most impacted by the pandemic, senior leaders voluntarily undertook temporary salary reductions.

We continually monitored and aligned our costs with anticipated revenues. In the U.S. and in our international operations, and in response to the pandemic, we used short-term furloughs, temporary wage reduction programs, and staff reductions where unavoidable. We incurred $2.1 million in severance costs related to unanticipated terminations associated with COVID-19. We are currently participating in several international government subsidy programs aimed at keeping eligible employees on the payroll during the pandemic, which provided approximately $3.0 million in funding as of December 31, 2020. Subsidies are limited in the amount and time in which payroll costs are covered.

In 2021, we will remain agile and focused on client and employee needs and adapt quickly, as we did in 2020.

Total revenue increased 1.9% from $1.48 billion in 2019 to $1.51 billion in 2020.
Service revenue increased 4.1% year-over-year to $1.04 billion, from $1.00 billion in 2019.
Operating income was down 12.1% from $101.4 million in 2019 to $89.1 million in 2020.

Diluted earnings per share ("EPS") was down 20.1% from $3.59 in 2019 to $2.87 in 2020, of which $0.53 represented one-time executive retirement and lease-related charges.

Full year 2020 net income amounted to $55.0 million and included $13.6M in one-time expenses associated with retirement of our Executive Chair and the early termination and/or discontinued use of space from 16 leases.

Non-GAAP EPS increased 0.5% from $4.15 in 2019 to $4.17 in 2020. Non-GAAP EPS represents diluted EPS, excluding the impact of certain items such as special charges and acquisition expenses that are not indicative of the performance of our ongoing operations, and the impact of amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions and income tax effects. Non-GAAP EPS differs from other similar non-GAAP EPS measures for annual incentive plans (see Annex A) and performance shares (see Annex B).
Compensation Highlights

The Human Capital Committee of the Board, formerly known as the Compensation Committee (the “Human Capital Committee”) approved the following actions during fiscal year 2020 and at the beginning of fiscal year 2021, to maintain governance best practices and the pay-for-performance nature of our executive compensation program:

- Supported the continuation of an annual, non-binding, advisory vote of the Company’s stockholders regarding the Company’s overall pay-for-performance named executive officer compensation program ("Say on Pay") which, in 2020, garnered support of 95.13% of the votes cast. The Say on Pay vote at the Annual Meeting (Proposal 2) will be the eleventh consecutive annual Say on Pay vote by stockholders.

- Continued utilizing performance-based share awards ("PSAs") as a key component of ICF’s long-term incentive program. PSAs are performance contingent awards under which executives may earn shares depending on the Company’s actual performance against pre-established performance measures. The performance periods of the PSAs are long-term and align executives’ interests with the interests of long-term stockholders.

- Conducted an annual review to ensure compliance with stock ownership guidelines for our named executive officers ("NEOs"). As of March 31, 2021, each NEO met the stock ownership guidelines or is expected to meet the applicable stock ownership guidelines within the specified time period.

- Continued the performance focus in the Company’s annual bonus program, rigorously linking pay to performance. Annual threshold, target and maximum performance goals were established with appropriate incentive payouts at each level.

- Continued the annual review of NEO compensation against best practices and competitive market data.

- Extensively reviewed external executive compensation trends to ensure that the Company’s executive compensation practices align with market best practices. The peer group data and other market data from nationwide salary surveys are used to provide a relevant basis for determining executive pay levels.

- Strengthened our “clawback” rights in the context of new severance arrangements for NEOs James Morgan, Bettina Welsh and Sergio Ostria.

- Adopted an updated and more comprehensive Hedging and Pledging Transactions Policy that establishes a restriction on short sales and other hedging transactions, pledging and the establishment of margin accounts.

For additional information on compensation related matters, see the Compensation Discussion & Analysis (the "CD&A") section of this Proxy Statement, beginning on Page 33.
2020 Executive Total Compensation Mix

Under our executive compensation program, a significant portion of the Executive Chair’s, the President and Chief Executive Officer’s ("CEO’s") and other NEOs’ annual total compensation opportunity is variable (78.9%, 76.5% and 63.9% respectively), based on our operating performance and/or our stock price.

![Chart showing sources of target total compensation: Short-Term vs. Long-Term Incentive with percentages for Chairman, CEO, and Other NEOs]

Result of Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

Approximately 95.13% of the votes cast at the 2020 annual meeting of stockholders were in support of our overall pay-for-performance executive compensation program. Consistent with our strong commitment to engagement, communication, and transparency, the Human Capital Committee continues to regularly review our executive compensation program to ensure alignment between the interests of our senior executives and our stockholders.
ICF has a longstanding commitment to effective governance of its business and affairs for the benefit of stockholders. The Board’s Governance and Nominating Committee (the “Governance and Nominating Committee”) periodically reviews our Corporate Governance Guidelines to maintain effective and appropriate standards of corporate governance.

**Board Leadership Structure**

Our Board leadership structure currently consists of a Chair of the Board (the “Chair”) who also serves as our CEO, a Lead Independent Director, and independent committee chairs. The Board believes that ICF has been well served by combining the CEO and Chair of the Board positions, complemented by a strong and effective Lead Independent Director. The Board further believes that the current structure is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders.

**Lead Independent Director**

Ms. Eileen O’Shea Auen was re-elected to serve as ICF’s Lead Independent Director as of May 28, 2020. Both the Board and management believe that strong, independent Board leadership is a critical aspect of effective corporate governance. Ms. Auen, who has served on the Board since 2008, will not stand for re-election as a director this year, and a new Lead Independent Director will be appointed on or about the date of the Annual Meeting.

Lead Independent Director responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Chairing any meeting of the independent directors in executive session;
- Facilitating communications between other members of the Board and the Chair; however, each director is free to communicate directly with the Chair;
- Working with the Chair in the preparation of the agenda for each Board meeting and in determining the need for special meetings of the Board;
- Consulting with the Chair on matters relating to corporate governance and Board performance;
- Leading the deliberation and action by the Board or a Board committee regarding any offer, proposal or other solicitation or opportunity involving a possible acquisition or other change in control of the Company, including by merger, consolidation, asset or stock sale or exchange, or recapitalization;
- In conjunction with the Chair of the Governance and Nominating Committee, overseeing and participating in the annual board evaluation and succession planning process;
- Participating in the Human Capital Committee’s annual performance evaluation of, and succession planning for, the Chair; and
- Meeting with any director whom the Lead Independent Director deems is not adequately performing his or her duties as a member of the Board or any committee.

**Board Committees**

The three (3) standing committees established by the Board meet on a regular basis and operate under written charters approved by the Board. Each committee performs an annual self-evaluation to determine whether the committee is functioning effectively and fulfilling its duties, as prescribed by its charter. All members of the Audit Committee of the Board (the “Audit Committee”), the Human Capital Committee and the Governance and Nominating Committee are independent, and each committee has the ability to hire and terminate its own outside advisors.

**Board Risk Oversight**

Management is responsible for the day-to-day management of the risks we face, while the Board, as a whole and through its committees, has responsibility for the oversight of risk management. Our Board meets regularly to discuss the strategic direction and the issues and opportunities facing our Company. Our Board provides guidance to management regarding our strategy, including in connection with our results of operations and related trends and factors contributing to or affecting our results, long-term strategy, financial reporting, and risks associated with these aspects of the Company’s business. The involvement of the Board in setting our business strategy is an important part of determining the types and appropriate levels of risk undertaken by the Company. Management conducts regular enterprise risk assessments, which include feedback from the Board, to ascertain and define the most significant risks facing the Company. After assessments are complete, management reports regularly to the Board and Board committees on the status and completion of actions associated with the most significant risks.

We have also established a Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (the “Code of Ethics”) that establishes standards of conduct and expectations for our employees and the overall manner in which we conduct business. The Code of Ethics, along with our other policies and business standards, and our overall risk and compliance programs are components of mitigating the risks associated with the operation of our business.

**Continuing Education**

ICF’s Corporate Governance Guidelines encourage all directors to receive continuing education in areas that will assist them in discharging their duties. The Governance and Nominating Committee reviews education opportunities available for Board members and has identified a series of courses and programs suited to the Directors’ service on the Board and Board committees.

**Stock Ownership and Holding Period Requirements**

The Board believes that designated executives of the Company should have a financial stake in ICF so that their interests are aligned with those of the stockholders and will cause them to more effectively represent ICF’s stockholders. The 2018 Executive Stock Ownership Policy, as amended, requires executives to own ICF common stock in a value equal to, or in excess of the multiple of their annual base salary as follows:
Executive Chair: 5x
CEO: 5x
Other NEOs: 2x
Other designated executives: 1x

*While the updated policy references an Executive Chair, with the retirement of Mr. Kesavan on December 31, 2020, that position is currently vacant and we do not currently intend to fill that position.

Stock ownership levels are to be achieved within five (5) years of appointment or designation, as the case may be. For executives appointed or designated mid-year, such levels, if not achieved by their fifth anniversary of becoming such an executive, are to be achieved no later than December 31 of that fifth year.

The Board also believes that its own members should share stockholders’ focus on the Company’s long-term value. As such, the Board adopted a Board member stock ownership policy establishing, as a guideline (but not an absolute requirement), that each non-employee director of the Company be expected to own shares of Company common stock valued at five (5) times such director’s annual cash meeting retainer, which may include shares of unvested restricted stock (i.e., directors are strongly encouraged to hold common stock valued at $375,000). Such ownership level is to be achieved over a period of four (4) years after becoming a member of the Board.

As of March 31, 2021, each of our NEOs and non-employee directors either met the above stock ownership guidelines or is expected to meet the applicable ownership guidelines within their respective specified time period.

Anti-Hedging and Anti-Pledging

Pursuant to the Company’s Policy on Insider Information and Securities Trading (“Policy on Insider Information”), the Company considers it improper and inappropriate for any employee, officer or director of the Company to engage in short-term or speculative transactions in the Company’s securities. The policy specifically prohibits directors, officers, and other employees from engaging in short sales of the Company’s securities and transactions in puts, calls or other derivative securities (sometimes referred to as “hedging”). Each of the NEOs and directors complied with the Policy on Insider Information during fiscal year 2020.

Previously, individual stock grant agreements prohibited the pledging or assignment of stock grants. In April of 2020, the Company adopted an updated and more comprehensive Hedging and Pledging Transactions Policy (the “Hedging and Pledging Policy”) which is applicable to our directors, Section 16 reporting officers, and other designated officers of the Company, which was further updated in September 2020. The new policy establishes a restriction on short sales and other hedging transactions, pledging and the establishment of margin accounts.

Directors and other covered officers who established pledging arrangements within the prior limitations will be prohibited from establishing new arrangements and are encouraged to wind-down and conclude any legacy arrangements. One Director has legacy pledging arrangements established in compliance with the prior policies of the Company that encompass less than 20% of his holdings in securities of the Company. As of the effective date of the Company’s new policy, the Board determined that the prior arrangement, which was established consistent with prior Company policy, did not create a potential impropriety or conflict.
Good Governance Practices

- As of the end of 2020, the Board was 87.5% independent, 37.5% female, 25% minority and included a female Lead Independent Director.
- The Board reflects a range of talents, ages, skills, diversity, and expertise.
- Each director attended over 75% of applicable Board/committee meetings in 2020.
- The Board has three (3) independent standing committees, each operating under a written charter, chaired by an independent director, and composed entirely of independent directors: Audit, Human Capital, and Governance and Nominating.
- The Board has adopted comprehensive Corporate Governance Guidelines to guide its oversight and leadership.
- The Board conducts an annual evaluation of the Chair, President and CEO.
- ICF has stock ownership guidelines for directors and executive officers.
- We have improved policies restricting hedging and short sales of ICF International equity securities by directors and executive officers.
- Previously, individual stock grant agreements prohibited the pledging or assignment of stock grants. Effective April 2020 and further updated in September 2020, short sales and other hedging transactions, pledging and establishment of margin accounts are now fully restricted.
- The Board reviews management talent and succession planning annually.
- No stockholder rights plan or "poison pill" has been adopted.
- The Human Capital Committee, in conjunction with an independent compensation consultant, routinely reviews our pay-for-performance executive compensation program.
- Neither the Board nor management has engaged in related party transactions.
- The severance agreements with the NEOs have a "double trigger" in connection with any severance benefits payable following a change of control.
- The Human Capital Committee has strengthened our “clawback” rights in the context of new severance arrangements for NEOs James Morgan, Bettina Welsh and Sergio Ostria.
- The Human Capital Committee annually reviews an assessment of compensation and related risk, as more fully described in the CD&A.
- The Board has a strong Lead Independent Director with clearly articulated responsibilities.
- All current directors are independent, except Mr. Wasson, the Chair, President and CEO.
- The Company has a majority voting standard in uncontested director elections.
**Board Evaluation**

The Directors participate in an annual evaluation of the full Board and each committee on which they serve in order to assess the performance and effectiveness of the Board and its committees. The responses and comments are presented to and discussed with the Board and each committee of the Board. In addition, every two years, the Lead Independent Director and the Chair of the Governance and Nominating Committee supplement the annual evaluation process with individual meetings and peer evaluations with each Director, which were conducted in 2020. These supplemental discussions are intended to enhance the existing Board evaluation process and foster even greater discussion regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Board and such committees.

**Compensation Recoupment Policy**

The Company’s basic recoupment policy is set forth in the 2018 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended (the “2018 Incentive Plan”) and emphasized and enhanced through individual severance arrangements with NEOs. Under the recoupment policy, if any of the Company’s financial statements are required to be restated due to errors, omissions, or fraud, the Human Capital Committee may direct that the Company recover all, or a portion of, any award (cash or equity) granted or paid to a participant, with respect to such fiscal year which is negatively affected. If so directed, the amount to be recovered from the participant shall be the amount by which the award exceeded the amount that would have been payable to the participant had the financial statements been initially filed as restated, or any greater or lesser amount (including, but not limited to, the entire award) that the Human Capital Committee shall determine. In no event shall the amount to be recovered by the Company be less than the amount required to be repaid or recovered as a matter of law (including but not limited to amounts that are required to be recovered or forfeited under Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).

Effective February 27, 2020, the Company entered into new severance agreements with Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh and Mr. Ostria that further define and expand the Company’s recoupment rights. The new agreements provide that, except following a change of control, the Company has “clawback” rights with respect to “Excess Incentive Awards” arising from an expanded list of “Clawback Events” as defined in the agreements. Except in situations involving fraud (as to which the statute of limitations will apply), the Human Capital Committee may, within three years after the latest to occur of a Clawback Event or harm to the Company, determine and recommend to the Board of Directors (acting in its sole discretion, but in good faith) that the Company recover (including, without limitation, through forfeiture) all or a portion of any incentive compensation (including short-term incentive awards or bonuses and long-term (equity) incentive awards) that was granted after the date of the agreement, based wholly or in part on a financial reporting, stock price or similar shareholder return measure under an incentive compensation plan or other incentive compensation arrangement with respect to any of our fiscal year(s) that were negatively affected by such events or matters. Severance payments and equity awards that were granted before the date of the new agreements and are based wholly or in part on a financial reporting, stock price or similar shareholder return measure, such as equity awards that vest based on the passage of time, are excluded from the operation of the new clawback provisions.
Stockholder Actions

Elect Three Directors to Serve for a Term Expiring at our Annual Meeting in 2024 (Proposal 1)

You will find important information in this Proxy Statement about the qualifications and experience of each of the director nominees whom you are being asked to elect. The Governance and Nominating Committee performs an annual assessment to evaluate whether ICF’s directors have the skills and experience to effectively oversee the Company. All of our directors have proven leadership ability, sound judgment, integrity, and a commitment to the success of our Company.

Ms. Eileen O’Shea Auen, who is a Class III director, will not stand for re-election at this year’s Annual Meeting.

After an extensive and comprehensive search resulting in his recommendation from a national search firm, the Board believes that Mr. Scott Salmirs will be an excellent addition to the Board, and nominated him as a Class III director nominee, to fill the vacancy that will be left by Ms. Auen.

**Director Nominees**

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<tr>
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<th>Director Since</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Independent</th>
<th>Principal Occupation</th>
<th>Other Public Boards</th>
<th>ICF International Board Committees</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Ms. Cheryl W. Grisé</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Retired</td>
<td>MetLife, Inc.; PulteGroup, Inc.</td>
<td>Human Capital (Chair); Governance &amp; Nominating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Randall Mehl</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>President, Stewardship Capital Advisors, LLC</td>
<td>Kforce, Inc.; Insperity, Inc.</td>
<td>Human Capital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Scott B. Salmirs</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>President and CEO, ABM Industries Incorporated</td>
<td>ABM Industries, Incorporated</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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Provide an Advisory Vote Regarding ICF International’s Overall Pay-For-Performance Named Executive Officer Compensation Program (Proposal 2)

Stockholders are being asked to cast a non-binding, advisory vote on our overall pay-for-performance NEO compensation program. Last year, approximately 95.13% of the votes cast by our stockholders on the Say on Pay proposal were in support of our NEO compensation program. In evaluating this year’s Say on Pay proposal, we recommend that you carefully review the CD&A section of this Proxy Statement which explains how and why the Human Capital Committee arrived at its executive compensation actions and decisions for 2020.

Ratify the Selection of Grant Thornton LLP as Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for Fiscal Year 2021 (Proposal 3)

The Audit Committee has appointed, and the Board has approved the appointment of, Grant Thornton as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm (“independent auditor”) for fiscal year 2021. While we are not required to have stockholders ratify the selection of Grant Thornton as the Company’s independent auditor, we are doing so because we believe it is good corporate governance practice. If stockholders do not ratify the selection, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment, but may nevertheless retain Grant Thornton as the Company’s independent auditor. Even if the selection is ratified, the Audit Committee may, at its discretion, direct the appointment of a different independent auditor at any time during the year if it determines that such change is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders.
Stockholder proposals submitted for inclusion in our 2022 proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, must be received by us by December 17, 2021. Notice of stockholder proposals to nominate a person for election as a Director or to introduce an item of business at the 2022 annual meeting of stockholders outside Rule 14a-8 must be received by us no earlier than January 27, 2022 and no later than February 26, 2022.
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VOTING AND MEETING INFORMATION

PROXY STATEMENT

This Proxy Statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of ICF International, Inc. ("ICF International," "ICF," the "Company," "we," "our," or "us") to be used at the 2021 annual meeting of stockholders of the Company (the "Annual Meeting"). Due to continuing concerns about the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"), the Annual Meeting will be held virtually via live webcast at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021, on May 27, 2021, at 8:00 a.m., Eastern time. You will not be able to attend the Annual Meeting physically. This Proxy Statement and enclosed proxy form are being made available over the Internet or delivered by mail, on or about April 16, 2021, to stockholders of record.

VOTING AND MEETING INFORMATION

What is the purpose of the Annual Meeting?

At our Annual Meeting, you will be asked to:

| PROPOSAL 1 | Elect three (3) directors to the Board to serve for a term expiring at our annual meeting of stockholders in 2024 | Page 5 | FOR each Director Nominee | Majority of the votes cast with respect to each director in the election of directors. |
| PROPOSAL 2 | Provide an advisory vote regarding ICF International’s overall pay-for-performance named executive officer compensation program (the “Say on Pay” vote) | Page 12 | FOR | Majority of the votes entitled to be cast for this advisory vote. Note that this is an advisory vote and, while not bound by it, the Board will seriously consider the outcome. |
| PROPOSAL 3 | Ratify the selection of Grant Thornton LLP ("Grant Thornton") as our independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal year 2021 | Page 13 | FOR | Majority of the votes entitled to be cast for this advisory vote. Note that this is an advisory vote and, while not bound by it, the Board will seriously consider the outcome. |
How does the Board recommend that I vote?  
Our Board recommends that you vote your shares FOR: (i) the nominees for election to the Board; and (ii) Proposals 2 and 3.

Who is entitled to vote?  
Holders of record of our common stock as of the close of business of March 31, 2021, are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. At that time, we had 18,859,608 outstanding shares of common stock. We have no other outstanding classes of stock that are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. Voting stockholders are entitled to one (1) vote per share.

Why did I receive a notice in the mail regarding the Internet availability of the proxy materials instead of a paper copy of the proxy materials?  
We are pleased to utilize the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) rule that allows companies to furnish their proxy materials over the Internet. As a result, we are mailing to many of our stockholders a notice about the Internet availability of the proxy materials instead of a paper copy of such materials. All stockholders receiving the notice will have the ability to access the proxy materials over the Internet and to request a paper copy of the proxy materials by mail.

To reduce the expenses of delivering duplicate notices to stockholders, we are relying upon SEC rules that permit us to deliver only one (1) set of the proxy materials to multiple stockholders who share an address. We send a separate notice to each stockholder about this option, and we will deliver (a) a separate copy of the proxy materials to any stockholder at a shared address who requests his or her own copy or (b) on the other hand, a single copy if multiple copies are sent to one address and the stockholders who share the address would like to receive only a single copy. Requests should be made to ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary, phone number (703) 934-3000.

How can I access the proxy materials over the Internet?  
Your notice about the Internet availability of the proxy materials, proxy form, or voting instruction form will contain instructions on how to view our proxy materials for the Annual Meeting on the Internet. Our proxy materials are also publicly available, free of charge, at www.proxyvote.com. Our proxy materials will be available at this website through the conclusion of the Annual Meeting.

Your notice of Internet availability of proxy materials, proxy form, or voting instruction form will contain instructions on how you may request access to proxy materials electronically on an ongoing basis. Choosing to access your proxy materials electronically will help us conserve natural resources and reduce the costs of printing and distributing our proxy materials.

How may I obtain a paper copy of the Company’s proxy materials, 2020 Annual Report, and/or other financial information?  
Stockholders receiving a notice about the Internet availability of the proxy materials will find instructions regarding how to obtain a paper copy of the proxy materials on their notice. Stockholders also may request a free copy of this Proxy Statement and/or our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, filed with the SEC on February 26, 2021 (the “2020 Form 10-K”), by writing to: ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary. Alternatively, stockholders can access our 2020 Form 10-K on our Investor Relations website at: http://investor.icf.com. We will also furnish any exhibit to the 2020 Form 10-K, if specifically requested.

How do I vote?  
You may vote electronically via live webcast at the Annual Meeting, on the Internet, by telephone, or through a proxy or voting instruction form. Stockholders who have received a notice of the availability of the proxy materials by mail may submit proxies over the Internet by following the instructions on the notice. Stockholders who have received a paper copy of a proxy form or a voting instruction form by mail may either:

(i) submit their proxy over the Internet using their computer or by telephone by following the instructions on the proxy form or voting instruction form; or
(ii) submit their proxy by mail by signing and dating the proxy form or voting instruction form received and returning it in the prepaid envelope.

What if I hold shares indirectly?  
If you hold shares in a stock brokerage account, or through a bank or other nominee, you are considered to be the beneficial owner of shares held in “street name” and these proxy materials are being forwarded to you by your broker or nominee. As the beneficial owner, you have the right to direct your broker how to vote. If you do not direct your broker how to vote, your broker is permitted to vote your shares on the ratification of the selection of the independent registered public accounting firm, even if you do not furnish voting instructions. However, your broker will not be able to vote on other matters.

If your shares are held in street name, your broker or other nominee may have procedures that will permit you to vote by telephone or electronically through the Internet.

Can I change my vote?  
You have the right to revoke your proxy at any time before votes are counted at the Annual Meeting by:

• notifying us at our corporate offices by writing to ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary;
• entering a new vote by using the Internet or the telephone, or by mailing a new proxy form or new voting instruction form bearing a later date, which will automatically revoke your earlier voting instructions; or
• voting electronically via live webcast at the Annual Meeting.

Attendance at the Annual Meeting via attending the webcast will not in itself constitute revocation of your proxy.

Attending the Annual Meeting  
Attendance at the Annual Meeting is limited to stockholders who, as of the record date, are:
VOTING AND MEETING INFORMATION

- stockholders of record;
- beneficial holders of ICF International common stock held by a broker, bank, or other nominee; or
- authorized representatives of entities who are record or beneficial holders.

To listen and participate in the Annual Meeting, please visit www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021 and enter the 16-digit control number included on your proxy card. You may log in 15 minutes before the start of the Annual Meeting to test your Internet connectivity. You can vote and submit questions while attending the meeting online.

How do I submit questions and vote electronically?

You may log in 15 minutes before the start of the Annual Meeting to submit questions online. You will be able to submit questions during the Annual Meeting as well. Once you have logged into the webcast, simply type your question in the “Ask a Question” box and click “Submit”. The webcast will be available at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021.

You will also be able to vote during the Annual Meeting by providing your 16-digit control number when you log into the webcast at www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ICFI2021.

If you encounter any difficulties accessing the virtual meeting during the check-in or meeting time, please call the technical support line number that will be posted on the Virtual Shareholder Meeting login page.

What are the requirements and procedures for a quorum, abstentions, and broker non-votes?

Your shares are counted as present at the Annual Meeting if you attend the meeting electronically, if you properly return a proxy by mail, if you vote by telephone or electronically, or if you hold your shares in street name and your broker, bank or other nominee votes your shares on Proposal 3. In order for us to vote on matters at the Annual Meeting, a majority of our outstanding shares of common stock as of March 31, 2021 and entitled to vote must be present electronically via live webcast or by proxy at the Annual Meeting. This is referred to as a quorum. Abstentions will be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum at the meeting and will be counted as voting (but not for or against) on the affected proposal. Broker non-votes will be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum but will not be counted as voting. A broker non-vote occurs when a broker, bank, or other nominee holding shares for a beneficial owner does not vote on a particular proposal because the nominee does not have discretionary voting power with respect to that item and/or has not received voting instructions from the beneficial owner. If a quorum is not present, the Annual Meeting will be adjourned or postponed until a quorum is present.

How many votes are needed to approve each item?

For the election of three (3) directors, each for a term of three (3) years:
- You may vote in favor of each nominee or withhold votes as to each nominee.
- There is no cumulative voting for the election of directors.
- For uncontested director elections, directors must be elected by a majority of the votes cast with respect to each director in the election of directors, which means that nominee(s) receiving more “for” votes than “withheld from” or “against” votes cast will be elected.
- Abstentions will have no effect on the outcome of the election.
- Election of directors is a non-routine proposal, which means that brokers or other nominees do not have discretion to vote any uninstructed shares. Broker non-votes represent votes not entitled to be cast on this matter and thus will have no effect on the result of the vote.

The Say on Pay vote is only an advisory vote to the Board regarding the overall pay-for-performance compensation program for the Company’s named executive officers (“NEOs”).
- You may vote in favor of or against the Company’s compensation system, or you may abstain from voting.
- Since this is an advisory vote only, there are no minimum stockholder approval requirements. However, in order for the resolution to pass, a majority of the votes entitled to be cast for this advisory vote must be received. While this is an advisory vote and it is not bound by it, the Board will seriously consider the outcome.
- Abstentions will have the same effect as voting against this proposal.
- The approval of this proposal is a non-routine proposal which means that brokers or other nominees do not have discretion to vote any uninstructed shares. Broker non-votes represent votes not entitled to be cast on this matter and thus will have no effect on the result of the vote.

In voting on the ratification of the selection of Grant Thornton as the independent registered public accounting firm:
- You may vote in favor of the proposal, against the proposal, or abstain from voting.
- The ratification of the selection of Grant Thornton as the independent registered public accounting firm is an advisory vote only that is performed as a means of good corporate governance, and as such, there are no minimum stockholder approval requirements. However, in order for ratification to occur, a majority of the votes entitled to be cast for this advisory vote must be received. While this is an advisory vote and it is not bound by it, the Board will seriously consider the outcome.
- Abstentions will have the same effect as voting against the proposal.
- Broker non-votes will have no effect on the voting, although no broker non-votes are expected to exist in connection with this vote as ratification of the independent registered public accounting firm is considered a routine matter under applicable rules.

In order to minimize the number of broker non-votes, the Company encourages you to provide voting instructions to the organization that holds your shares by carefully following the instructions provided in the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials or voting instruction form and by the organization that holds your shares.
How will voting on any other business be conducted?

We currently do not know of any business to be considered at the Annual Meeting other than the three (3) proposals described in this Proxy Statement. If any other business is properly presented at the Annual Meeting, your proxy gives authority to the named proxies to vote your shares on such matters, including any adjournment or postponement of the meeting, at their discretion.

Who will count the vote?

A representative of American Election Services, LLC will tabulate the votes and act as inspector of elections.

Where can I find the voting results of the Annual Meeting?

The preliminary voting results will be announced at the Annual Meeting. The final voting results will be tallied by the inspector of elections and published within four (4) business days following the conclusion of the Annual Meeting via a Form 8-K current event filing.
PROPOSAL 1
ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Our authorized number of directors is presently fixed at eight (8), divided into three (3) classes, as noted below:

CLASS I
Dr. Srikant M. Datar
Mr. Peter M. Schulte
Mr. John M. Wasson

CLASS II
Ms. Marilyn Crouther
Mr. Michael J. Van Handel

CLASS III
Ms. Eileen O’Shea Auen
Ms. Cheryl W. Grisé
Mr. Randall Mehl

Mr. Sudhakar Kesavan, Executive Chair of the Company and a Class II director, retired from the Company on December 31, 2020. The Board opted to reduce its overall size from nine (9) members to eight (8) at that time.

Ms. Eileen O’Shea Auen, who is a Class III director, will not stand for re-election at this year’s Annual Meeting.

After an extensive and comprehensive search resulting in his recommendation from a national search firm, the Board believes that Mr. Scott Salmirs will be an excellent addition to the Board, and nominated him as a Class III director nominee, to fill the vacancy that will be left by Ms. Auen.

Our directors are elected to serve three-year terms, so that the term of office of one (1) class of directors expires at each annual meeting.

The Board has nominated the following individuals for election as directors for a term expiring at our annual meeting of stockholders in 2024 or until their respective successors have been elected and qualified. Ms. Grisé and Mr. Mehl are currently Class III directors.

- Ms. Cheryl W. Grisé
- Mr. Randall Mehl
- Mr. Scott B. Salmirs

If any of these nominees becomes unavailable for election, the accompanying proxy may be voted for a substitute, or in favor of holding a vacancy to be filled by the directors. We have no reason to believe that any nominee will be unavailable. The uncontested director nominees will be elected by a majority of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting with respect to each director. For the Company’s purposes, “a majority of the votes cast” with respect to each director means that the number of votes for the director exceeds the number of votes against or withheld from the director. You may vote for each nominee named.

Each of the nominees and each continuing director is a seasoned business leader who contributes an array of experience, qualifications, attributes, and skills to the Board. The following pages regarding each nominee and each continuing director provide background information and a summary of some of each person’s key qualifications to serve as a director. Please also see the chart summarizing how each nominee and each continuing director reflects Board selection criteria adopted by our Governance and Nominating Committee of the Board (the “Governance and Nominating Committee”). The age indicated for each individual is as of December 31, 2020.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT YOU VOTE FOR THE DIRECTOR NOMINEES
The Governance and Nominating Committee maintains, and periodically updates, non-exclusive “Board Membership Criteria” to assist the committee in evaluating candidates for the Board. These criteria, and an indication of which of the criteria are particularly satisfied by each nominee and continuing director, are summarized below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Director</th>
<th>Integrity</th>
<th>Financial</th>
<th>Strategy</th>
<th>Public Company Board Experience</th>
<th>Diversity</th>
<th>Capital Markets</th>
<th>Risk Management</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marilyn Crouther</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Srikant M. Datar</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cheryl W. Grisé</td>
<td>✓</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randall Mehl</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scott B. Salmirs</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>Peter M. Schulte</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>Michael J. Van Handel</td>
<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>John M. Wasson</td>
<td>✓</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Integrity: Reputation for integrity, honesty and adherence to high ethical standards, Willingness and ability to contribute positively to the collegial decision-making process of the Board, No conflict of interest that would impair ability to represent the interests of all Company stockholders and fulfill responsibilities as a director.

Financial: Demonstrated business and financial acumen and experience.

Strategy: Prominence within professional discipline and/or industry relevant to the Company’s strategy.

Public Company Board Experience: Current or past experience as a board member of another mid-cap or large public company.

Diversity: Contributes to Board diversity (in terms of race, gender, national origin, etc.).

Capital Markets: Familiarity with capital markets, financing transaction strategy, and investor relations.

Risk Management: Experience identifying, evaluating and managing corporate risk.

Mergers and Acquisitions: Significant experience in mergers and acquisitions and/or integration.
Nominees for Election as Directors for a Term Expiring in 2024 - Class III Directors

Cheryl W. Grisé
Retired

Career Highlights
- Eversource Energy (f/k/a Northeast Utilities), a public utility holding company (NYSE: ES)
  - Executive Vice President (2005 to 2007)
  - Chief Executive Officer of principal operating subsidiaries (2002 to 2007)
  - President, Utility Group, Northeast Utilities Service Company (2001 to 2007)
  - President, Utility Group (2001 to 2005)
  - Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel (1998 to 2001)
- Pulte Group, Inc., a large commercial home builder, (NYSE: PHM)
  - Director (2008 to present)

Past Public Company Directorships
- Pall Corporation, (NYSE: PLL), a manufacturer of fluid purification devices
  - Director, (2007 to 2015)
- Dana Holding Corporation (f/k/a Dana Corporation), (NYSE: DAN), a global leader in drivetrain and e-propulsion
  - Director (2002 to 2008)

Professional and Leadership Positions
- University of Connecticut Foundation Trustee Emeritus, (2011 to present) and former Board Chair
- Kingswood-Oxford School Former Member, Board of Trustees, (2005 to 2015)

Education
- B.A. in Education, University of North Carolina
- J.D., Thomas Jefferson School of Law
- Executive Management Program, Yale University School of Organization and Management

Randall Mehl
President of Stewardship Capital Advisors, LLC

Career Highlights
- Stewardship Capital Advisors, LLC, which manages an equity fund focused on making investments in technology and services sectors
  - President (2017 to present)
- Baird Capital Partners, a private equity investing company focused on middle market buyouts
  - Partner & Managing Director (2005 to 2016)
- Robert W. Baird & Co., a full-service investment banking, asset mgmt. and capital markets company
  - Managing Director (1996 to 2005)

Current Public Company Directorships
- Kforce, Inc., a professional staffing provider (NASDAQ: KFRC)
  - Director (2017 to present)
  - Audit Committee member (2017 to present)
  - Corporate Governance Committee member (2017 to present)
  - Nominating Committee member (2020 to present)
- Insperity, Inc., a professional employer organization (NYSE: NSP)
  - Director, (2017 to present)
  - Compensation Committee member (2018 to present)
  - Finance, Risk Management and Audit Committee member (2017 to 2018)

Current Non-Public Company Directorship
- Stowell, Inc., a provider of in-home care management
  - Director (2017 to present)
- Eastbrook Academy, a private school serving gifted students in the Milwaukee area
  - Director (2020 to present)

Past Non-Public Company Directorships
- Myelin Communications (now MERGE), a healthcare-focused marketing services business
  - Director (2010 to 2016)
- Workforce Insight LLC, a provider of workforce optimization solutions
  - Director (2014 to 2016)
- MedData, a provider of revenue cycle management solutions
  - Director (2007 to 2014)

Education
- B.S. in Business Administration and Management, Bowling Green State University
- M.B.A., University of Chicago Graduate School of Business
Scott B. Salmirs
President and Chief Executive Officer, ABM Industries Incorporated

Career Highlights

- **ABM Industries, Incorporated**, a facility management provider (NYSE: ABM)
  - President and Chief Executive Officer (2015 to present)
  - Executive Vice President, ABM Industries (2014 to 2015)
  - Executive Vice President, ABM Onsite Services, Northeast (2003 to 2014)

- **Lehman Brothers, Inc.**, a global financial services firm
  - Senior Vice President (2001 to 2003)

- **The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.**, a global financial services firm
  - Vice President (1998 to 2001)

- **Insignia/Edward S. Gordon Company, Inc.**, a leading real estate services company
  - Managing Director (1993 to 1998)

Current Public Company Directorships

- **ABM Industries Incorporated**, a facility management provider (NYSE: ABM)
  - Executive Director, (2015 to present)

Current Non-Public Directorships

- Partnership for New York City, Board Member (2018 to present)
- Outreach Project, Board Member (2007 to present)
- LiveOnNY, Board Member (2016 to present)
- Donate 8, Founding Board Member (2014 to present)
- State University of New York College at Oneonta, Board Member, Board Advisory Council (2007 to present)

Education

- B.S. in Economics, State University of New York at Oneonta
- M.B.A., State University of New York at Binghamton
Directors Whose Term Expires in 2022 — Class I Directors

Dr. Srikant M. Datar
Dean, Harvard Business School at Harvard University

Career Highlights
- **Harvard University**
  - Dean of the Business School (2021 to present)
  - George F. Baker Professor of Administration (2021 to present)
  - Arthur Lowes Dickinson Professor at the Graduate School of Business Administration at Harvard University (1996 to 2020)
  - Faculty Chair for Harvard Innovation Labs and Senior Associate Dean University Affairs (2015 to 2020)

Past Public Company Directorships
- **Novartis AG**, a holding company organized under Swiss law and publicly traded on the SWX Swiss Stock Exchange and the NYSE (NYSE: NVS), in the form of American Depositary Shares
  - Director, (2003 to 2021)
  - Audit and Compliance Committee Member (2005 to present), Chair (2009 to 2016)
  - Compensation Committee Member (2008 to 2021)
  - Risk Committee (2011 to present), Chair (2016 to 2021)
- **HCL Technologies Limited**, a public company under Indian law with shares publicly traded on the Mumbai Stock Exchange and the NYSE (NYSE: HCLTECH) (2012 to 2014)

Current Public Company Directorships
- **Stryker Corporation**, a medical technologies firm (NYSE: SYK)
  - Director (2009 to present)
  - Compensation Committee member (2016 to present)
  - Nomination and Governance Committee member (2016 to present)
- **T-Mobile US, Inc.**, a U.S. based wireless network operator (NYSE: TMUS)
  - Director, (2013 to present)
  - Audit Committee, Chair (2013 to present)

Education
- Ph.D. in Business, Masters in Statistics and Economics, Stanford University
- Bachelor of Science in math and economics, Bombay University, India

Peter M. Schulte
Managing Partner and Founder, CM Equity Partners

Career Highlights
- **CM Equity Partners**, a private equity firm which invests in established middle market companies and manages private equity funds and investments through its management company, CM Equity Management, L.P.
  - Managing Partner and Founder (1995 to present)

Past Public Company Directorships
- **Federal Services Acquisition Corporation**, a public special purpose acquisition company, and predecessor of **ATS Corporation** ("ATS"), a former publicly traded information technology services firm serving U.S. federal, state, and local government agencies
  - President, Secretary and Chief Financial Officer, (2005 to 2007)
  - Director (2005 to 2012)

Professional and Leadership Positions
- Axiologic Solutions – Advisory Board
- Lasell College – Trustee

Education
- A.B. in Government, Harvard College
- Masters in Public and Private Management, Yale School of Management

Current Non-Public Company Directorships
- Archibald, L.L.C. (2020 to present)
- A-Tek, Inc. (2010 to present)
- Bogart Associates, LLC (2017 to present)
- Citizant, Inc. (2012 to present)
- JANUS Research Group (2019 to present)
- The Level Playing Field Corporation (2013 to present)
- PFF, LLC (2013 to present)
- Preferred Systems Solutions, Inc. (2007 to present)
- Rainforest Alliance (1999 to present)
- Systems Planning and Analysis, Inc. (2016 to present)
- Technology Advancement Group, Inc. (2020 to present)
John M. Wasson  
*Chair, President and Chief Executive Officer, ICF International, Inc.*

**Career Highlights**
- **ICF International, Inc.**
  - Chair of the Board (2021 to present)
  - President and Chief Executive Officer (2019 to present)
  - President and Chief Operating Officer (2010 to 2019)
  - Chief Operating Officer (2003-2010)
  - Joined ICF in 1987 as an associate and in 1994 became an officer of the company

**Current Non-Public Directorships**
- Northern Virginia Technology Council, Board Member (2018 to present)
- UC Davis Foundation, Board of Trustees (2018 to present)
- The Flint School, Member, Board of Trustees (2017 to present)

**Professional and Leadership Positions**
- University of California Davis College of Engineering, Member, Dean’s Executive Committee, (2014 to present)

**Education**
- University of California, Davis, Bachelor of Science degree in Chemical Engineering
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Master of Science degree in Technology and Policy Program

Director Since 2019  
Age 59
Directors Whose Term Expires in 2023 - Class II Director

Marilyn Crouther
CEO & Principal, Crouther Consulting, LLC

Career Highlights
- Crouther Consulting, LLC., a provider of consulting services to IT companies, corporate executives and small businesses
  - CEO and Principal (2018 to present)
- DXC Technology, a global IT services and solutions leader (resulting from the merger of Hewlett Packard Enterprise-Enterprise Services and Computer Science Corporation) (NYSE: DXC)
  - Senior Vice President and General Manager, US Public Sector (2017 to 2018)
- Hewlett Packard Enterprise, an information technology company (NYSE: HPE)
  - Senior Vice President and General Manager (2015 to 2017)
- Hewlett Packard Company, a Fortune 500 developer and provider of hardware, software and related services. HP expanded its services footprint with the acquisition of EDS in 2008.
  - Senior Vice President and General Manager, US Public Sector (2011 to 2015)
- Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, US Public Sector (1999 to 2011)
- Several other senior finance and accounting positions (1989 to 1999)

Current Non-Public Company Directorships
- Information Technology Senior Management Forum (2020 to present)

Past Non-Public Company Directorships
- Center for Innovative Technology (2017 to 2020)
- Northern Virginia Technology Council
  - Vice-Chair (2012 to 2018)
  - Director (2012 to 2017)
- Collaborate to Educate Our Sons (2018 to 2020)

Education:
- B.S in Professional Accountancy, Mississippi State University
- Southern Methodist University Finance Certificate
- Thunderbird Executive Development Program, Arizona State University

Michael J. Van Handel
Retired Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Manpower Group

Career Highlights
- ManpowerGroup Inc., a leading global workforce solutions company (NYSE: MAN)
  - Senior Executive Vice President (2016 to 2017)
  - Chief Financial Officer (1998 to 2016)
  - Several other senior finance and accounting positions (1989-1998)

Current Public Company Directorships
- ManpowerGroup Inc.
  - Director (2017 to present)

Current Non-Public Company Directorships
- BMO Financial Corporation, a U.S. bank and financial holding company, and wholly-owned subsidiary of Bank of Montreal, with over $100 billion in assets
  - Director, (2006 to present)
  - Audit Committee member (2006 to present) Chair (2012 to present)
  - Nominating & Governance Committee member (2012 to present), Chair (2017 to present)
  - Risk Oversight Committee member (2006 to 2017)
- Milwaukee Public Museum
  - Director (2004 to 2007)
- Cellular Dynamics International, a leading developer and manufacturer of human cells used in drug discovery, toxicity testing, stem cell banking and cell therapy development
  - Director (2010 to 2015)
- Milwaukee Youth Symphony Orchestra
  - Director, (2007 to 2018)

Professional and Leadership Positions
- Leadership Council Member for Marquette University College of Business Administration (2007 to 2017)

Education
- B.S. in Accounting, Marquette University
- M.B.A. in Banking and Finance, University of Wisconsin - Madison
PROPOSAL 2

ADVISORY SAY ON PAY VOTE REGARDING ICF’S OVERALL PAY-FOR-PERFORMANCE NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER COMPENSATION PROGRAM

In April of 2017, the Board approved a resolution providing that the Company would hold an annual stockholder advisory vote on executive compensation, as advised by the Company’s stockholders at the 2017 annual meeting of stockholders. Pursuant to that resolution and as required pursuant to Section 14A of the Exchange Act, this proposal, commonly known as a “Say on Pay” proposal gives you, as a stockholder, the opportunity to endorse or not endorse the Company’s NEO compensation program through the following resolution:

“Resolved, that the stockholders approve ICF International’s overall pay-for-performance executive compensation program, as described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the compensation tables and the related narratives and other materials in the Proxy Statement.”

Approval of the Say on Pay proposal requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes entitled to vote thereon present electronically via live webcast or by proxy at the Annual Meeting.

The Human Capital Committee and the full Board believe that the Company’s executive compensation program, as described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis ("CD&A") and other sections noted in the resolution set forth above, reflects a pay-for-performance culture at the Company that is rooted in our values. The Human Capital Committee and the Board believe that the executive compensation program is rational and effective in that it aligns the interests of the NEOs with both the short-term and long-term interests of stockholders, while reducing incentives for unnecessary and excessive risk taking.

In 2015, the Compensation Committee (now known as the Human Capital Committee) adopted a performance-based equity program (the “Performance Program”) that provides for the award of performance share awards (“PSAs”). Originally PSAs were issued from time to time pursuant to the 2010 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended (the “2010 Incentive Plan”). On May 31, 2018, the stockholders approved the 2018 Omnibus Incentive Plan as amended (the “2018 Incentive Plan”), and PSAs since that time have been issued pursuant to the 2018 Incentive Plan. The Performance Program is designed to provide an incentive compensation opportunity that takes into account both the Company's internal financial objectives and external market performance. The Human Capital Committee continued to grant PSAs to the NEOs in 2020 and 2021.

In making a decision on the Say on Pay proposal the Board asks that stockholders consider the following:

- ICF’s NEO compensation is competitive and in line with its market peers.
- ICF’s executive compensation program is incentive-based and reflects a pay-for-performance culture.
- ICF’s executive compensation program relies heavily on stock-based awards vesting over a period of time.
- PSAs vest over three (3) years, contingent on achievement of certain performance thresholds.
- Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) vest over a period of three (3) years with 25% vesting on each of the first anniversary and second anniversary, and 50% vesting on the third anniversary.
- The Performance Program further emphasizes ICF’s commitment to a pay-for-performance culture that links compensation to positive results.
- ICF offers only minimal perquisites.
- The Human Capital Committee has strengthened our “clawback” rights in the context of new severance arrangements for NEOs James Morgan, Bettina Welsh and Sergio Ostria.
- ICF has a strong corporate governance culture.

In addition, at the Company’s 2020 annual meeting of stockholders, approximately 95.13% of the votes cast on the Say on Pay proposal were voted in favor of our overall pay-for-performance NEO compensation program. The Human Capital Committee and the Board believe this affirms the stockholders’ strong support of the Company’s approach to NEO compensation.

In accordance with applicable law, this vote is “advisory,” meaning it will serve as a recommendation to the Board but will not be binding. The Human Capital Committee will seriously consider the outcome of this vote when determining future compensation arrangements for named executive officers.

It is expected that the next Say-on-Pay vote will occur at the 2022 annual meeting of stockholders.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT YOU VOTE FOR THE ADVISORY SAY ON PAY VOTE REGARDING ICF’S OVERALL PAY-FOR-PERFORMANCE NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER COMPENSATION PROGRAM.
PROPOSAL 3
RATIFICATION OF THE SELECTION OF THE INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Audit Committee of the Board (the “Audit Committee”) has appointed Grant Thornton to serve as our independent registered public accounting firm (“independent auditor”) for fiscal year 2021 and requests that stockholders ratify such appointment. For a discussion of factors considered by the Audit Committee in connection with the appointment of Grant Thornton, see “Audit Committee Report – Auditor Selection.”

Grant Thornton audited our consolidated financial statements for 2020 and 2019. Representatives of Grant Thornton are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting, will have an opportunity to make a statement if they so desire, and will be available to respond to appropriate questions from stockholders. Ratification of the appointment of Grant Thornton as our independent auditor requires a majority of the votes entitled to vote thereon present electronically via live webcast or by proxy at the Annual Meeting. If our stockholders do not ratify Grant Thornton as our independent auditor, the Audit Committee will reconsider its decision. Even if stockholders vote in favor of the appointment, the Audit Committee may, in its discretion, and without re-submitting the matter to the Company’s stockholders, direct the appointment of a different independent auditor at any time during the year if it determines that such a change would be in the best interests of the Company and stockholders.


DESCRIPTION OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following table sets forth the fees for professional audit services provided by Grant Thornton for the audit of our annual financial statements for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and fees billed for other services provided by Grant Thornton during those periods:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Fees</th>
<th>2020</th>
<th>2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Audit fees</td>
<td>$1,672,656</td>
<td>$1,684,695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit-related fees</td>
<td>$5,250</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax fees</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$20,164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other fees</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total fees</td>
<td>$1,677,906</td>
<td>$1,704,859</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Audit Fees**

These are fees for professional services rendered by Grant Thornton for the audits of our annual consolidated financial statements, the audit of internal controls over financial reporting, the review of consolidated financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, and the audit of our compliance with OMB Circular A-133. The audit fees provided by Grant Thornton also include services that were provided in connection with certain non-U.S. statutory audits.

**Audit-Related Fees**

Audit-related fees comprise fees for professional services rendered by Grant Thornton and include employee benefit plan audits, due diligence related to acquisitions and accounting consultations that are not reported in “Audit Fees.” There were $5,250 in services rendered by Grant Thornton in 2020 that met the above category description, which included reviewing the Company’s Form S-8 which was filed with the SEC on June 25, 2020. There were no such fees rendered by Grant Thornton in 2019 that met the above category description.

**Tax Fees**

These are fees for professional services rendered by Grant Thornton with respect to tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. There were no services rendered by Grant Thornton in 2020 or 2019 that met the above category description as such services were performed by other service providers.

**All Other Fees**

These are fees for professional services rendered by Grant Thornton for products and services other than the services reported in “Audit Fees,” “Audit-Related Fees” or “Tax Fees” and included statutory filings and related fees for the Company’s international business. There were no such fees rendered by Grant Thornton in 2020 that met the above category description. There were $20,164 in services rendered by Grant Thornton in 2019 that met the above category description, which included out of pocket expenses incurred during the fiscal year 2019 audit.

**Pre-Approval of Audit and Non-Audit Services**

The Audit Committee is authorized by its charter to pre-approve all audit and permitted non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditor. The Audit Committee reviews and approves the independent auditor’s retention to perform audit services, including the associated fees. The Audit Committee also evaluates other known potential engagements of the independent auditor, including the scope of the proposed work and the proposed fees, and approves or rejects each service, taking into account whether the services are permissible under applicable law and the possible impact of
each non-audit service on the independent auditor’s independence from management. At subsequent meetings, the Audit Committee will receive updates on the services actually provided by the independent auditor, and management may present additional services for approval. The Audit Committee has delegated to the Chair of the Audit Committee the authority to evaluate and approve engagements on behalf of the Audit Committee in the event that a need arises for pre-approval between Audit Committee meetings. If the Chair so approves any such engagement, he or she will report that approval to the full Audit Committee at its next meeting.

**Approval of Fees**

Our Audit Committee has reviewed all of the fees described above. In connection with the Audit Committee’s review and approval of the amount of fees paid to the independent auditor for audit, audit-related and other services, the Audit Committee considers, among other factors:

- The independent auditor’s qualifications and quality control procedures;
- The quality of the independent auditor’s overall performance;
- The complexity of the audit and related services in a particular year;
- Publicly available information concerning audit fees paid by peer companies; and
- The impact, if any, of the level of audit and non-audit fees on the auditor’s independence.

The Audit Committee believes that such fees are compatible with maintaining the independence of Grant Thornton.
The Audit Committee is appointed by the Board, and each of the members of the Audit Committee has been determined by the Board to be “independent” under the applicable NASDAQ standards. The Board has also determined that all of the members of the Audit Committee are “financially literate” under the NASDAQ rules. The Audit Committee’s Chairman, Mr. Michael Van Handel and Committee member Dr. Srikant M. Datar each qualify and are designated as “audit committee financial experts”, as defined by the SEC.

Audit Committee Duties

Under the Audit Committee’s Charter, the committee’s duties and responsibilities include, among others:

- Oversight of the relationship with the independent auditor, including being directly responsible for the appointment and compensation of the Company’s independent auditor;
- Assessing the qualifications, performance and independence of the Company’s independent auditor;
- Reviewing the activities, qualifications and performance of the Company’s internal audit function;
- Monitoring financial reporting and disclosure and related matters;
- Reviewing and evaluating the Company’s overall risk profile, the procedures and policies adopted to identify and manage such risks and related disclosures;
- Retaining independent external advisors as the Audit Committee determines necessary or appropriate;
- Annually reviewing the adequacy of the Audit Committee’s charter and the Audit Committee’s own performance; and
- Preparing this report to the Company’s stockholders.

The Audit Committee also periodically reviews the Company’s Code of Business Ethics and Conduct and receives reports from the Company’s Compliance Committee, which is charged with the implementation of the Code of Business Ethics and Conduct. In connection with these responsibilities, the Audit Committee oversees the Company’s procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment, on a confidential basis, of any complaints received by the Company’s Compliance Committee. The Company encourages employees and third-party individuals and organizations to report concerns about our accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing matters or other matters that may or appear to involve financial or any other wrongdoing.

Audit Committee Oversight Role

In performing its functions, the Audit Committee acts in an oversight capacity. In that role, the Audit Committee relies on the work and assurances of: the Company’s management, which has the primary responsibility for financial statements and reports, internal controls and financial reporting processes; the internal audit function; and the independent auditor that, in its reports, expresses opinions on the conformity of the Company’s financial statements to United States generally accepted accounting principles (“US GAAP”) and on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

Audit Committee Activities

During the year, the Audit Committee meets with management and representatives of the independent auditor and the internal audit function to review and discuss the Company’s quarterly financial statements before the Company’s results are released to the public. Members of the Committee also review the Company’s quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and the annual report on Form 10-K. In the course of these activities, the Audit Committee:

- Reviews the scope of, overall plans for and status of the annual audit and internal audit program;
- Consults with management, the internal audit function and the independent auditor on topics such as the Company’s processes for risk assessment and risk management and related disclosures;
- Reviews and approves the Company’s policy for preapproval of audit and permitted non-audit services by the independent auditor;
- Reviews with management, the internal audit function and the independent auditor the scope and effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures, including for purposes of evaluating the accuracy and fair presentation of the Company’s financial statements in connection with the certifications made by the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer;
- Receives advice on critical accounting policies and the impact of new accounting principles and guidance; and
- Reviews significant legal and other developments in the Company’s processes for monitoring compliance with law and Company policies and oversees the activities of the Company’s Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer and management’s Compliance Committee.

The Audit Committee meets, not less than annually, with the independent auditor, in each case with and without members of management present, to discuss the results of the auditor’s examinations and evaluations of the Company’s internal controls and the overall quality and integrity of the Company’s financial reporting.
Review of Fiscal 2020 Financial Statements

The Audit Committee reviewed and discussed with our management and with our independent auditor, Grant Thornton, the consolidated financial statements of ICF and its subsidiaries and related notes, the disclosures under the headings “Management's Discussion and Analysis” and “Management’s Report on Internal Controls”, and other financial disclosures as set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. In connection with this review, the Audit Committee:

- Discussed with Grant Thornton those matters required to be discussed by Auditing Standard No. 1301 (Communications with Audit Committees), issued by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (“PCAOB”), and Rule 2-07 (Communication with Audit Committees) of SEC Regulations S-X; and
- Received from Grant Thornton the written communications required by Ethics and Independence Standard No. 3526 (Communication with Audit Committees Concerning Independence), issued by the PCAOB, as to Grant Thornton's compliance with all rules, standards, and policies of the PCAOB and SEC governing auditor independence.

Based on the activities, reviews and discussions outlined above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board that the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 be included in our 2020 Form 10-K.

Auditor Selection

As described under the heading, “Proposal 3: Ratification of the Selection of the Independent Registered Public Accountant”, the Audit Committee also approved the selection of Grant Thornton as the Company's independent auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 as being in the best interest of the Company. Grant Thornton has served as the Company's independent auditor since the Company went public in 2006.

In connection with the appointment of the independent auditor, the Audit Committee discusses and considers factors such as the following:

- The familiarity of the independent auditor, and the team assigned to the Company’s audit and related work, with the government services industry;
- The independent auditor’s tenure as the Company’s independent auditor and its familiarity with the Company’s accounting policies and practices and internal control over financial reporting;
- The independent auditor’s capacity, capability and expertise in handling the breadth and complexity of the Company’s global operations;
- The independent auditor’s independence and objectivity and the quality and candor of communications within management and the Audit Committee; and
- The appropriateness of the auditor’s fees for audit and non-audit services.

For a discussion of factors considered by the Audit Committee in reviewing the amount of fees paid to Grant Thornton for audit and other services, see “Proposal 3: Ratification of the Selection of the Independent Registered Public Accountant – Approval of Fees”.

The Audit Committee also reviews and considers the performance of the lead audit partner. Under applicable law, the lead audit partner must rotate after five (5) years. The Company’s current lead audit partner is serving in that capacity for his first year. The process for selection of the Company’s lead audit partner pursuant to this rotation policy involved meetings between the Chair of the Audit Committee and the candidate for the role, as well as discussions and meetings with the Audit Committee and management.

Audit Committee

/s/ Michael J. Van Handel
Michael J. Van Handel,
Audit Committee Chairperson

/s/ Peter M. Schulte
Peter M. Schulte

/s/ Dr. Srikant M. Datar
Dr. Srikant M. Datar

/s/ Marilyn Crouther
Marilyn Crouther
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND BOARD MATTERS

Board and Committee Meetings in 2020

The table below shows the number of Board and committee meetings held in 2020. Our Board has eight (8) regularly scheduled meetings per year and special meetings are called as the need arises. These meetings are usually held at our headquarters in Fairfax, Virginia. Due to COVID-19 restrictions, the majority of the meetings held in 2020 were done so via video/teleconference.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee</th>
<th>Number of Meetings Held</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Board of Directors</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Committee</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Capital Committee</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governance and Nominating Committee</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Directors are expected to attend Board meetings, our annual stockholders’ meeting, and the meetings of the committees on which they serve. During 2020, each director attended at least 75% of the total meetings of the Board and those committees on which he or she served. Ms. Crouther was appointed to the Board in September 2020 and she attended all Board and committee meetings for her assigned committee held after that point. Each director attended our annual meeting of stockholders held in 2020, other than Ms. Crouther, who was appointed after such meeting.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

Our Board has established a set of Corporate Governance Guidelines that addresses such matters as, among other things, the roles of the Board and management (including the role of the Lead Independent Director), Board and director responsibilities, Board composition, selection of directors, operations of the Board (including meetings), and functions of the Board committees. The Board believes such guidelines, which are reviewed at least annually, are appropriate for the Company in its effort to maintain “best practices” as to corporate governance.

Director Independence

The Board has affirmatively determined that Ms. Cheryl W. Grisé, Ms. Marilyn Crouther, Dr. Srikant M. Datar, and Messrs. Randall Mehl, Peter M. Schulte and Michael Van Handel are independent directors in accordance with the requirements of NASDAQ and the rules of the SEC. The Board further determined that Mr. Salmirs is an independent director in accordance with the requirements of NASDAQ and the rules of the SEC. We believe we comply with all applicable requirements of the SEC and NASDAQ relating to director independence and the composition of the committees of our Board.

Board Leadership Structure; Lead Independent Director

In November of 2020, the Company announced, as part of a succession plan, that Mr. Sudhakar Kesavan, the Company’s Executive Chair would be retiring as of December 31, 2020. Mr. John Wasson, the Company’s President and Chief Executive Officer assumed the position of Chair of the Board effective upon Mr. Kesavan’s retirement. Consistent with its past practice when Mr. Kesavan served as both Chairman of the Board and CEO, the Board believes combining the CEO and Chair of the Board positions is appropriate and in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders because it provides the following advantages:

- The CEO is the director most familiar with the Company’s business and industry and is best situated to lead Board discussions on important matters affecting ICF International; and
- Having the CEO serve in such roles creates a firm link between management and the Board and promotes the development and implementation of corporate strategy.

The Board continues to believe that, when an executive serves as the Chair of the Board, it is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to designate a Lead Independent Director who is an independent director and, among other duties:

- Chairs any meeting of the independent directors in executive session;
- Facilitates communications between other members of the Board and the Chair; however, each director is free to communicate directly with the Chair;
- Works with the Chair in the preparation of the agenda for each Board meeting and in determining the need for special meetings of the Board;
- Consults with the Chair on matters relating to corporate governance and Board performance;
- Leads the deliberation and action by the Board or a Board committee regarding any offer, proposal, or other solicitation or opportunity involving a possible acquisition or other change of control of the Company, including by merger, consolidation, asset or stock sale or exchange, or recapitalization;
- In conjunction with the Chair of the Governance and Nominating Committee, oversees and participates in the annual board evaluation and succession planning process;
- Participates in the Human Capital Committee’s annual performance evaluation of, and succession planning for, the Chair; and
- Meets with any director whom the Lead Independent Director deems is not adequately performing his or her duties as a member of the Board or any committee.

The charter of the Governance and Nominating Committee calls for the annual review of the Lead Independent Director position. The Company believes that having a Lead Independent Director, particularly in presiding over executive sessions of independent directors, effectively encourages full engagement of all directors. Eileen O’Shea Auen was first appointed to serve as our Lead Independent Director as of June 5, 2015 and has been appointed each year since. Ms. Auen will not stand for re-election as a director this year, and a new Lead Independent Director will be appointed on or about the date of the Annual Meeting.

Each of our directors other than Mr. Wasson, including the new nominee, is independent, and the Board believes that the independent directors provide effective oversight of management. The Board has complete access to the Company’s management team, and the Board and its committees regularly
receive reports from management on the Company’s business affairs and the issues it faces.

The Board believes that its programs for overseeing risk, as described under “Risk Oversight” below, would be effective under a variety of leadership frameworks; therefore, this factor does not materially affect its choice of structure.

Risk Oversight

Our business is subject to various types of risk. Some of the Company’s most significant risks are outlined in our 2020 Form 10-K under Item 1A, “Risk Factors.”

Our Board provides guidance to management regarding our strategy, including in connection with review of our results of operations and related trends and factors contributing to or affecting our results, long-term strategy, financial reporting, and risks associated with these aspects of the Company’s business. The involvement of the Board in setting our business strategy is an important part of determining the types and appropriate levels of risk undertaken by the Company.

Management is responsible for the day-to-day management of the risks we face, while the Board, as a whole and through its committees, has responsibility for the oversight of risk management. As described more fully below, the Board fulfills this responsibility both directly and through its standing committees, each of which assists the Board in overseeing portions of the Company’s overall enterprise risk management (“ERM”) program.

The Company’s ERM program is designed to identify, assess, monitor and manage the Company’s risks. As part of the annual ERM program, the Company:

- Defines risk profiles and identifies existing and new/emerging risks.
- Conducts and completes regular enterprise risk assessments to ascertain and define the most significant risks facing the Company, which incorporate input from multiple levels of management and our Board. This process includes the evaluation and prioritization of the most significant risks facing the Company across major risk categories, and takes into account multiple factors, including the potential impact of risk events should they occur, the likelihood of occurrence and the effectiveness of existing risk mitigation strategies.
- Develops action plans to monitor, manage and mitigate risk. The responsibility for managing each of the highest-priority risks is assigned to one or more of the Company’s senior executives.
- Includes regular reporting from management to the Board on the status and completion of actions associated with the risks identified as part of the current ERM program. In addition, management provides more detailed briefings throughout the year to the Board regarding the most significant risks identified in the current ERM program.

As described above, the Board oversees a number of risks, which include those associated with major operational activities, cybersecurity and risks associated with potential acquisitions. The Audit Committee reviews and evaluates the Company’s overall risk profile, and the procedures and policies implemented by management to identify and manage such risks. The Human Capital Committee is responsible for overseeing the management of risks relating to our compensation plans and arrangements. The Governance and Nominating Committee manages risks associated generally with governance, the independence of the Board and potential conflicts of interest.

Board Evaluation

Each year, the directors undertake an evaluation for the Board and each committee on which they serve that elicits feedback on the performance and effectiveness of the Board and its committees. As part of this evaluation, the directors are asked to consider the role of the Board and its committees, relations with management, composition, and meetings. The responses and comments are compiled by the Corporate Secretary and presented to the Governance and Nominating Committee for initial review. The responses and comments are then presented to each committee and the full Board. Where appropriate, the Governance and Nominating Committee may consider feedback received from the evaluation process when it submits director nominees to the full Board (and, where applicable, recommends assignments to various committees). In addition, every other year as part of the Board evaluation process, the Lead Independent Director and the Governance and Nominating Committee Chair meet individually and hold peer evaluations with each Director. Such meetings were conducted in 2020. These supplemental discussions are intended to enhance the existing Board evaluation process and foster even greater discussion regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Board and such committees.

Board Committees

The Board has three (3) designated standing committees: Audit Committee, Human Capital Committee and Governance and Nominating Committee. Each committee is composed entirely of independent directors, as defined by NASDAQ. Each committee has a charter, and a current copy of each committee charter can be found in the “Investor Relations – Corporate Governance” portion of our website (www.icf.com).
The Board has a designated standing Audit Committee, as defined in Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. The Audit Committee is expected to meet at least four (4) times per year. Each member of the Audit Committee is “independent” as defined by Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act and, in accordance with the listing standards of NASDAQ, each Audit Committee member is financially literate. Dr. Datar and Mr. Van Handel are each an “audit committee financial expert” as defined under SEC rules. Dr. Datar and Mr. Van Handel also qualify as financial experts in accordance with the listing standards of NASDAQ applicable to Audit Committee members.

The report of the Audit Committee required by the rules of the SEC is included in this Proxy Statement under “Audit Committee Report.”
Human Capital Committee

- The Board has a designated standing Human Capital Committee.
- The Human Capital Committee is expected to meet at least three (3) times per year.
- Each member of the Human Capital Committee qualifies as a “non-employee director” under Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act and meets the requirements of NASDAQ Rule 5605(d)(2)(A).
- See “Compensation Discussion and Analysis” for more information regarding the role of the Human Capital Committee, management, and compensation consultants in determining and/or recommending the amount and form of executive compensation.

The report of the Human Capital Committee required by the rules of the SEC is included in this Proxy Statement under “Human Capital Committee Report.”

Human Capital Committee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cheryl W. Grisé</th>
<th>Responsibilities:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eileen O’Shea Auen</td>
<td>assist the Board in its responsibilities related to management, organization, performance, and compensation;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randall Mehl</td>
<td>consider and authorize the Company’s compensation philosophy;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter M. Schulte</td>
<td>evaluate senior management’s performance and approve all material elements of executive officer compensation;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>review administration of the Company’s incentive compensation, retirement, and equity-based plans;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>review and provide feedback on the Company’s culture, including: its focus and progress on equity, diversity and inclusion and overcoming any institutional bias; and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>after each meeting, report to the full Board regarding its activities.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Meetings held in 2020: 6

Governance and Nominating Committee

- The Board has a designated standing Governance and Nominating Committee.
- The Governance and Nominating Committee is expected to meet at least three (3) times per year.
- In September 2020, the Governance and Nominating Committee included oversight of the Company’s environmental, social and governance activities and related reporting in its charter.

Governance and Nominating Committee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dr. Srikant M. Datar</th>
<th>Responsibilities:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eileen O’Shea Auen</td>
<td>identify and recommend candidates to be nominated for election as directors at the Company's annual meeting, consistent with criteria approved by the full Board;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheryl W. Grisé</td>
<td>annually evaluate and report to the Board on its performance and effectiveness;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michael Van Handel</td>
<td>annually review the composition of each Board committee and present recommendations for committee membership to the full Board, as needed;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>research, evaluate, and make recommendations regarding director compensation;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>consider and advise the Board on matters relating to the affairs or governance of the Board;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>consider matters relating to senior management succession;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>review and approve all potential “related person transactions” as defined under SEC rules;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>after each meeting, report to the full Board regarding its activities; and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>monitor and oversee matters of environmental, social and corporate governance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Meetings held in 2020: 4
The Company strives to ensure alignment with stockholder interests by means of ensuring that Company executives have an equity stake in the Company that is consistent with the long-term performance of the Company. In 2018, the Compensation Committee (now known as the Human Capital Committee) adopted a revised Executive Stock Ownership Policy (as amended, the “2018 Executive Stock Ownership Policy”) that became effective on January 1, 2019, which increased the level of stock ownership the CEO is required to hold.

The 2018 Executive Stock Ownership Policy requires executives to own ICF common stock in a value equal to, or in
excess of, the multiple of their annual base salary as shown below:

- Executive Chair: 5x
- CEO: 5x
- Other NEOs: 2x
- Other designated executives: 1x

While the updated policy references an Executive Chair, with the retirement of Mr. Kesavan on December 31, 2020, that position is currently vacant and we do not currently intend to fill that position.

The following types of equity count toward satisfying the stock ownership requirement: (i) any shares held outright as a result of vested RSUs or PSAs, (ii) shares acquired through the exercise of stock options or purchased through the Company’s employee stock purchase plan qualified pursuant to Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”) or through the open market, (iii) unvested RSUs, and (iv) vested in-the-money stock options. In addition, designated executives are required to hold all shares acquired from vested RSUs, vested PSAs and stock option exercises, net of shares withheld for taxes, until they meet the 2018 Executive Stock Ownership Policy requirements.

Stock ownership levels are to be achieved within five (5) years of appointment or designation, as the case may be. For executives appointed or designated mid-year, such levels, if not achieved by their fifth anniversary of becoming such an executive, are to be achieved no later than December 31 of that fifth year. As of March 31, 2021, each of our NEOs either met these stock ownership guidelines or is expected to meet the applicable ownership guidelines within their specified time period.

**Board Stock Ownership Guidelines**

The Board believes that its members should be incentivized to focus on the Company’s long-term stockholder value. As such, the Board adopted a Board member stock ownership policy establishing, as a guideline (but not an absolute requirement), that non-employee members of the Board are expected to own shares of Company common stock valued at five (5) times such director’s annual cash meeting retainer, which may include shares of unvested restricted stock (i.e., directors are strongly encouraged to hold common stock valued at $375,000). Such ownership level is to be achieved over a period of four (4) years after becoming a member of the Board. As of March 31, 2021, each of our non-employee directors either met these stock ownership guidelines or is expected to meet the ownership guidelines within the specified time period.

**Director Continuing Education**

The Board believes that director continuing education is important for maintaining a current and effective Board and has adopted a Director Continuing Education Policy. The Company’s policy encourages directors to participate in continuing education and accredited director education programs, with the intent of becoming and remaining well informed about the Company, its industry and business, its relative performance to its competitors and regulatory issues and economic trends affecting the Company. The Governance and Nominating Committee of the Board reviewed education opportunities available for Board members and has identified a series of courses and programs that would be beneficial to Directors in their service on the ICF Board and Board committees.

**Prohibitions on Derivatives Trading, Hedging and Pledging**

Pursuant to the Company’s Policy on Insider Information and Securities Trading (“Policy on Insider Information”) the Company considers it improper and inappropriate for any employee, officer or director of the Company to engage in short-term or speculative transactions in the Company’s securities. The policy specifically prohibits directors, officers and other employees from engaging in short sales of the Company’s securities and transactions in puts, calls or other derivative securities (sometimes referred to as “hedging”). In addition, stock grant agreements prohibit the pledging or assignment of awards. Each of the NEOs and directors complied with this policy during fiscal year 2020.

Previously, individual stock grant agreements prohibited the pledging or assignment of stock grants. In April of 2020, the Company adopted an updated and more comprehensive Hedging and Pledging Transactions Policy (the “Hedging and Pledging Policy”), which is applicable to our directors, Section 16 reporting officers, and other designated officers of the Company, which was further updated in September 2020. The new policy establishes a restriction on short sales and other hedging transactions, pledging and the establishment of margin accounts.

Directors and other covered officers who established pledging arrangements within the prior limitations will be prohibited from establishing new arrangements and are encouraged to wind-down and conclude any legacy arrangements. One director has legacy pledging arrangements established in compliance with the prior policies of the Company and that encompass less than 20% of his holdings in securities of the Company. As of the effective date of the Hedging and Pledging Policy, the Board determined that the prior arrangement, which was established consistent with prior Company policy, did not create a potential impropriety or conflict.

**Stockholder Engagement and Communications with the Board**

Management and members of the Board endeavor to engage with a significant portion of our stockholders each year. This is done through multiple forums, including quarterly earnings presentations, our annual meeting of stockholders, our annual Investor Day, investor conferences and web communications, as well as our SEC filings, our annual report and our proxy statement.

Additionally, you may contact the Board by sending a letter marked “Confidential” and addressed to the Board, ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary. In accordance with instructions from the Board, the Corporate Secretary reviews all correspondence, organizes the communications for review by the Board, and posts communications to the full Board, specific committees or individual directors, as appropriate. Communications that are intended specifically for the Lead Independent Director, the independent directors or non-management directors should be marked as such.
**Political Contributions and Lobbying**

The Company encourages our employees to be active in civic and community activities, including participation in the political and democratic process. Our policy also encourages employees to ensure that those individual activities are kept separate from their work for the Company.

The Company does engage, from time to time, in discussions with various levels of governments on public policy issues. While our activities in this area are fairly limited, when we determine it is in the best interest of the Company to do so, we work with governments to provide information and perspective that support our point of view, including through government relations professionals. The Company, and those who act on our behalf, meet registration, disclosure and other reporting requirements regarding these activities.

**Director Compensation Table for 2020**

The following table provides the compensation earned by individuals who served as non-employee directors of the Company during 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name(1)</th>
<th>Fees Earned Paid in Cash ($)</th>
<th>Stock Awards ($)</th>
<th>Option Awards ($)</th>
<th>Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation ($)</th>
<th>Changes in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings ($)</th>
<th>All Other Compensation ($)</th>
<th>Total Compensation ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eileen O'Shea Auen</td>
<td>121,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>243,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marilyn Crouther(5)</td>
<td>28,606</td>
<td>35,278</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>63,884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. Srikant M. Datar</td>
<td>105,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>227,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheryl W. Grisé</td>
<td>101,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>223,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter M. Schulte</td>
<td>95,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>217,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michael Van Handel</td>
<td>107,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>229,363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randall Mehli</td>
<td>83,019</td>
<td>122,344</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>205,363</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Sudhakar Kesavan and John Wasson are not included in this table because during 2020, they were employees of the Company and therefore received no compensation for their respective director service. The compensation received by Mr. Kesavan and Mr. Wasson as employees of the Company is shown in the 2020 Summary Compensation Table.

(2) Represents the cash retainers and annual payments earned in 2020.

(3) Directors receive a director equity award in the annual amount of $120,000, issued on the first business day of July following the annual meeting for continuing directors and directors appointed at the annual meeting, with such grant vesting in equal quarterly increments on September 1, December 1, March 1, and June 1, representing the fair value for such stock computed on the date of vesting. All other payments, including meeting retainers, are paid in cash.

(4) Total Compensation for each director may differ from the sum of the individual components due to changes in roles and/or committee assignments during 2020.

(5) Ms. Crouther joined the Company in September 2020; therefore her totals reflect data from that point to the end of the year.

**Director Compensation**

The following discussion outlines the compensation that was earned by our non-employee directors during 2020. The compensation of our Board is evaluated from time to time by our Governance and Nominating Committee.

Directors who are employed by us do not receive additional compensation for their service on the Board. All directors are entitled to reimbursement of expenses for attending each meeting of the Board and each committee meeting.

All director compensation, other than the director equity grant, is paid in cash, on a quarterly basis in advance. Cash fees are pro-rated on the date of any directors’ departure from the Board for an upcoming quarter; provided that a director that serves until the annual meeting of stockholders shall receive the full amount of cash fees for that quarter. Cash fees for new directors are pro-rated based upon the date of the director’s appointment to the Board.

Cash retainer fees for 2020 were as follows:

- **Annual Retainer for Non-Employee Director:** $75,000
- **Additional Annual Retainer for Lead Director:** $30,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee Retainers:</th>
<th>Chair</th>
<th>Member</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Audit Comm.</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Capital Comm.</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governance &amp; Nominating Comm.</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the cash retainers, the directors are granted an annual equity award, in the form of a grant of restricted stock units, vesting quarterly over a one-year period. The equity grant is based upon an amount of $120,000. The number of shares granted is determined by dividing $120,000 by the closing market price of ICFI common stock on the first business day of July following the annual meeting of stockholders.
Code of Ethics

The Company has a Code of Ethics that is designed to promote the highest standards of ethical conduct by the Company's directors, executive officers and employees. The Code of Ethics requires that the Company's directors, executive officers and employees avoid conflicts of interest, comply with all laws and other legal requirements, conduct business in an honest and ethical manner, and otherwise act with integrity and in the Company's best interest. Under the terms of the Code of Ethics, directors, executive officers and employees are required to report any conduct that they believe in good faith to be an actual or apparent violation of the Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics is updated from time to time to reflect changes in laws, best practices and the Company's business.

The Code of Ethics and all Board committee charters are posted in the “Investors – Corporate Governance” portion of our website (www.icf.com). A copy of any of these documents is available in print (free of charge) to any stockholder who requests a copy by writing to: ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary. The Company will disclose on its website at www.icf.com to the extent and in the manner permitted by Item 5.05 of Form 8-K, the nature of any amendment to the Code of Ethics (other than technical, administrative, or other non-substantive amendments) and our approval of any material departure from a provision of the Code of Ethics that has been made known to any of our executive officers.

Certain Relationships and Transactions with Related Persons

Our Code of Ethics, which applies to all directors, executive officers and employees, emphasizes the importance of avoiding situations or transactions in which personal interests interfere with the best interests of us and/or our stockholders. In addition, the Board has a policy and process for reviewing and evaluating interested director transactions designed to alert the Board, and in particular the Governance and Nominating Committee, of material transactions involving the Company and directors and their affiliates so that the Board may be aware of and consider such transactions in advance, on a case-by-case basis. As to matters coming before the Board in which individual directors may have a personal interest, the Board has adopted procedures to ensure that all directors voting on such a matter disclose any personal interest, abstain from voting on the matter, and discuss the transaction with counsel if necessary. The Board has delegated the task of discussing, reviewing, and approving transactions between the Company and any of our executive officers or Board members to the Governance and Nominating Committee.

There have not been any transactions during the last fiscal year to which we have been a party, in which the amount involved in the transaction exceeded $120,000, and in which any of our directors, executive officers or holders of more than five percent (5%) of our capital stock had or will have a direct or indirect material interest other than equity and other compensation, termination, change-in-control and other arrangements, which are described in the section captioned “Executive Compensation—Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control.”

Other Transactions Considered for Independence Purposes

For each director and nominee for director who is identified as independent, the SEC rules require the description of transactions, relationships or arrangements that are not required to be disclosed as related person transactions, but that were considered by the Board in determining that the director is independent. There were no transactions that the Company believes are related person transactions. There were, however, transactions with independent directors that did not rise to the level of a related person transaction, but that were considered for independence purposes. These included contracts with two companies in each case involving a single ICF director who also served as independent director for such company. The contracts involved small amounts of monetary compensation. Further, the director’s sole connection was by virtue of service as an independent director with each respective company and having no control over decisions made with respect to the awarded contracts. The Board affirmatively determined that each such transaction did not impair the applicable director’s independence.

Environmental, Social and Governance – Our Commitment to Corporate Responsibility

Growing Our Capacity for Good. ICF helps clients solve critical environmental and social issues. From our initial founding in 1969 as the Inner City Fund to today, we provide societal benefit through our services, professional development for employees, profitable growth for investors, and reliably ethical business conduct. As reflected in our stated purpose—*to build a more prosperous and resilient world for all*—we are motivated to engage productively with all our stakeholders:

- Investing in our employees and ensuring a diverse workplace where we can all do our best work.
- Serving our clients and managing suppliers with integrity, while contributing to a low-carbon value chain.
- Minimizing our impact on the planet by reducing our carbon footprint and growing our leading climate consultancy.
- Giving back to our communities and society, both philanthropically and through innovative service to social agencies.
- Creating long-term value for our stockholders through solid management, including managing climate risks and opportunities.
**Governance ensures we fulfill our commitments.** Our environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) program receives oversight from the CEO and the Board. For example, the CEO approved a significant increase in corporate giving for social justice and authorized aggressive carbon-reduction targets. The Governance and Nominating Committee assesses climate risk, inclusive HR policies, and other ESG matters.

**Reporting for Transparency.** Productive relationships with stakeholders require trust. To that end, we report annually on our performance on important measures not currently required in financial reporting—our progress toward goals regarding human capital management, sustainability, philanthropy and other targets. This information and more can be found in our latest Corporate Citizenship Report (published July 2020 and available on our Company website at www.icf.com, under “About ICF, Corporate Citizenship”). Our report won 4 platinum MarCom Awards for excellence in corporate citizenship reporting. Below are some highlights of our performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investing in Our People</th>
<th>Making a Sustainable Commitment</th>
<th>Supporting Important Causes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provided opportunities for all employees to develop and advance.</td>
<td>Made progress on our carbon reduction goal and remained carbon neutral.</td>
<td>Donated to causes important to our employees and communities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53% female leaders</td>
<td>100% net renewable electricity for global operations—via renewable energy certificates</td>
<td>$714,000 corporate cash donations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38% female board members</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pay Equity</strong></td>
<td><strong>Supporting Important Causes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We have identified no meaningful disparities across races or genders in the same roles</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions per employee since baseline 2013</td>
<td>$515,000 employee donations through our giving program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Low turnover</strong></td>
<td><strong>Zero</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.7% (1) turnover rate</td>
<td>net zero carbon status since 2006 due to investments in high-quality carbon offsets</td>
<td>1 to 1 ICF matched employee donations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recognition</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Top 9% of Global Climate Disclosers:</strong> recognized by CDP as a corporate pioneer against climate change, scoring A- for the third consecutive year</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MarCom Awards 2020:</strong> 4 platinum awards for excellence in corporate citizenship reporting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) This update reflects ICF’s percentage for the full year 2020, calculated after the publication of the Corporate Citizen Report.

**Impact for Good in 2020**

Of our $1.5 billion revenue, ICF estimates that at least:

- **$670+ million** was derived from services delivering positive social impact—health, education, development, social justice programs
- **$615+ million** was generated from services creating positive environmental impact—reducing energy consumption, managing carbon footprint, protecting natural resources.

The balance of other work was also socially responsible and—although not directly supporting social impact or sustainability efforts—consistent with ICF’s commitment to make a positive social and sustainable impact.

**Carbon Targets and Performance.** ICF recognizes the risks and opportunities due to climate change caused by increased carbon emissions. ICF’s climate experts communicate those opportunities and risks to our executive leaders and our Board. Since 2006 ICF has committed to be carbon neutral, which we achieve through three activities:

- **Reduce.** Lease more efficient facilities and consolidate where feasible. Maximize virtual tools to travel less. Engage our people to work more sustainably. Purchase more eco-friendly products. Encourage partners in our value chain (suppliers and clients) to manage their carbon footprint.
- **Buy renewable energy.** Purchase Renewable Energy Certificates equivalent to 100% of the electricity used by our global operations.
- **Buy carbon offsets.** After taking the measures above, we buy high-quality carbon offsets equivalent to the measured carbon emissions of our global operations: all of scope 1 and scope 2 emissions, plus a significant portion of scope 3 emissions from business travel and employee commuting.

By way of background, Scopes 1, 2 and 3 referenced in this section refer to defined terms established by the Greenhouse Gas Protocol. In this regard, Scope 1 refers to direct greenhouse gas emissions from sources owned or controlled by ICF; Scope 2 refers to greenhouse gas emissions from purchased electricity; and Scope 3 refers to greenhouse gas emission sources beyond the walls of our
facilities. With respect to Scope 3, ICF measured business travel and commuting only. We recently began to measure emissions imbedded in our purchased goods and services.

Since establishing our baseline emissions in 2013, we have shrunk our carbon footprint by every measure. We reduced carbon emissions in absolute terms, as well as intensity per employee, revenue, and leased space (see graphic below). We achieved this ahead of our target. In 2020, ICF committed to set an ambitious science-based carbon-reduction target—an approach to a zero-carbon economy that boosts innovation and drives sustainable growth. Such targets are based on the concept of a global carbon budget that will limit global warming to well below 2°C. In March 2021, the Science Based Targets initiative approved our target, adding ICF to the list of pioneering companies driving change to a zero–carbon economy.

**ICF Grows While Emissions Decline, 2013-2019**

Emissions depicted include all of scope 1 and scope 2, plus a significant portion of scope 3—emissions from business travel and employee commuting.

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**Our Strength is our People.** Attracting, retaining and growing the best talent is what sets us apart from our competition—and how we deliver outstanding results. We work hard to maintain a stimulating, supportive, and respectful environment where everyone can thrive and express themselves freely. We invest heavily in HR programs designed to provide employees guidance and learning experiences, policies, tools and opportunities to grow their career. We routinely promote between 12 – 14% of our employees each year and focus on employee mobility across teams to take advantage of our broad company as fuel for new and engaging experiences. High retention is evidence that we are meeting employees’ professional needs.

In 2020, we accelerated HR plans, programs and policies that were in early stages of development. We hired a Diversity and Inclusion officer; drove efforts to build a diverse talent pool of qualified candidates for hire; and updated policies, processes, and procedures to ensure they reflect our commitment to inclusion.

Toward those goals, we launched Employee Community Networks to support under-represented communities; initiated a D&I training program with modules designed for executives, managers, recruiters, and all employees; revised our recruitment process to ensure an inclusive recruitment experience; executed a data-driven strategy to deepen diverse talent pools in campus recruiting; and included diversity as a measure in matching mentors and mentees in our annual Mentor Connect program.

While we work to be more diverse and inclusive, we are proud that 53% of our leaders (managers and above) are female, 38% of our board members are female and 50% are diverse. For each of the last 4 years, we voluntarily conducted an external audit of compensation to ensure pay equity by race and gender across ICF. The audit determined that comparable incumbents in the same roles were paid comparably by race and gender each year.
**Advancing Global Goals.** In 2020, we strengthened our commitment to corporate citizenship as a signatory of the UN Global Compact on human rights, labor, environment, and anti-corruption. We are committed to making these principles part of our strategy, culture, and day-to-day operations. Through our operations, client services, and philanthropy, we champion the UN Sustainable Development Goals. With our clients, we are tackling climate change, improving health and education, reducing injustice and inequality, and spurring economic growth. The exhibit below provides a snapshot of our support for the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICF Makes Progress toward</th>
<th>SDG 1: No poverty</th>
<th>SDG 2: Zero hunger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS</strong></td>
<td>Building economically sustainable communities following disasters</td>
<td>Addressing malnutrition, hunger, and food insecurity through data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 3: Good health and well-being</td>
<td>Measuring behaviors and attitudes about COVID-19 to inform policy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 4: Quality education</td>
<td>Supporting learning across a lifetime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 5: Gender equality</td>
<td>Supporting better health strategies with gender data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 6: Clean water and sanitation</td>
<td>Protecting, ensuring, and planning for clean, safe water into the future</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy</td>
<td>Achieving development goals through clean energy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 8: Decent work and economic growth</td>
<td>Harnessing research to end child labor and forced labor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 9: Industry, innovation, and infrastructure</td>
<td>Building utility resilience in a rapidly changing climate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 10: Reduced inequalities</td>
<td>Addressing poverty reduction, sustainable infrastructure, gender and inclusion, economic development, and resilience</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 11: Sustainable cities and communities</td>
<td>Developing climate action plans for regions, cities, and businesses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 12: Responsible consumption and production</td>
<td>Helping emerging markets achieve clean development goals</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 13: Climate action</td>
<td>Building a sustainable and low-carbon future</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 14: Life below water</td>
<td>Managing the most pressing fish and water-related issues</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 15: Life on land</td>
<td>Protecting, conserving and preserving natural resources and biodiversity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 16: Peace, justice, and strong institutions</td>
<td>Powering public services, from economic impact to environmental justice</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG 17: Partnerships for the goals</td>
<td>Helping development organizations and their beneficiaries measure impact and improve effectiveness</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY

The following table includes information with respect to the individuals who served as our executive officers as of March 31, 2021. The age indicated for each individual is as of December 31, 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Chair, President and Chief Executive Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>Executive Vice President and Chief Business Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina G. Welsh</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Executive Vice President – Client Services and Innovation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donald J. (“DJ”) Terreri</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Vice President and Corporate Controller, Principal Accounting Officer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Names in BOLD are Named Executive Officers for the Company.

Biographical information for Mr. Wasson can be found on his director page in Proposal 1.

James C. Morgan served as the Company’s Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) from the time he joined the Company in 2012 until February 2020, when he became Executive Vice President and Chief of Business Operations (“CBO”). From 2011 until his employment by the Company, Mr. Morgan served as a member of the Board of Directors and as the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Serco, Inc., a division of Serco Group PLC. From 1993 until 2011, Mr. Morgan held a number of positions at Science Applications International Corporation (“SAIC”); in particular, Senior Vice President and Senior Financial Officer, Strategic and Operational Finance from 2005 until 2011 and Senior Vice President, Business Transformation Officer from 2008 until 2011. Previously, Mr. Morgan was an Experienced Senior Consultant in the Special Services and Contracting Group at Arthur Andersen & Company. Mr. Morgan received his Bachelor of Science in Accounting from North Carolina State University and his Master of Business Administration from George Washington University. Mr. Morgan has been a Certified Public Accountant; his license is currently inactive.

Bettina G. Welsh assumed the position of the Company’s CFO on February 29, 2020, after serving as the Senior Vice President, Finance since her arrival in 2019. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Welsh was the Chief Financial Officer at LMI, a $300M professional consulting firm dedicated to improving the management of government. Formerly at Leidos (and previously SAIC), a $10B global leader in the defense, intelligence, homeland security, civil, and health markets, Ms. Welsh held several finance leadership roles during her 17 years with that company, including Chief Audit Executive and the CFO for the $3.5B National Security Sector of Leidos. Before joining Leidos in 2001, Ms. Welsh spent 13 years with PricewaterhouseCoopers as a Principal Consultant/Senior Manager. Ms. Welsh holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Swarthmore College and a Master of Accountancy degree from George Washington University. She is a Certified Public Accountant and was an attendee of Wharton’s Executive Development Program.

Sergio Ostria serves as an Executive Vice President, Client Services and Innovation, a role which he assumed in January 2020. He previously led the Company’s Energy, Aviation and Infrastructure (“EAI”) Group, which houses over 1,400 professionals specializing in energy markets consulting, energy efficiency program design and implementation, environmental planning and assessment of infrastructure investments, and aviation industry consulting. Prior to leading the Company’s EAI Group, Mr. Ostria led the Company’s following businesses: from 2011 to 2015, the Energy, Environment & Transportation Group; from 2008 to 2011, the Energy, Climate and Transportation group; from 2006 to 2008, the Company’s Environment, Transportation and Regulation group, and from 1999 to 2006, the Company’s Transportation practice. Prior to joining the Company, from 1997 to 1999, Mr. Ostria served as a Principal with Hagler Bailly, Inc., an energy, environmental, and transportation consultancy; and from 1996 to 1997 he served as a Vice President with Apogee Research, Inc., a transportation and environmental consultancy that was acquired by Hagler Bailly in 1997. Prior to these positions, Mr. Ostria was a Senior Associate with DRI/McGraw-Hill, a Senior Analyst with Jack Faucett Associates, Inc., and an Analyst with Energy and Environmental Analysis. Throughout his consulting career, Mr. Ostria has specialized in the design, implementation, and evaluation of integrated, systems-oriented approaches to solving challenges that transcend the energy, environment, and transportation fields. Mr. Ostria has a Master of Arts in Economics from The George Washington University and a Bachelor of Arts in Economics from University of Maryland.

DJ Terreri assumed the position of Vice President, Corporate Controller and Principal Accounting Officer for the Company in October 2020. Mr. Terreri joined the Company in February 2019 as Assistant Controller. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Terreri served as Controller at Privia Health, a national physician organization that transforms the healthcare delivery experience for providers and consumers, from February 2018 until February 2019. Mr. Terreri served as Director of Treasury and Corporate Accounting at Discovery Communications, a Fortune 500 media company from December 2011 until February 2018. Prior to his work at Discovery Communications, Mr. Terreri was a Manager in the Banking and Capital Markets practice at PwC. Mr. Terreri has a Bachelor of Arts in Accounting and Finance from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. Mr. Terreri is also a Certified Public Accountant.
CEO PAY RATIO

Following is a reasonable estimate, prepared under applicable SEC rules, of the ratio of the annual total compensation of our CEO, John Wasson, to the median of the annual total compensation of our other employees.

For the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2020, no material changes were made to Company employee population, pay levels or demographics. There were also no material changes in pay for the employee who we identified last year as the median employee. As such, we believe the person we identified continues to be a good representative for the CEO Pay Ratio calculation.

We determined the median employee’s total compensation, including any perquisites and other benefits, in the same manner that we determine the total compensation of our named executive officers for purposes of the Summary Compensation Table disclosed in the Compensation Discussion & Analysis section of this Proxy Statement. The median employee’s annual 2020 total compensation was $74,035. The annual total compensation of our CEO, as reported in the Summary Compensation Table in this proxy statement, was $3,007,891. Based on this information for 2020, we reasonably estimate that the ratio of our CEO’s annual total compensation to the annual total compensation of our median employee was 41:1. Our pay ratio estimate has been calculated in a manner consistent with Item 402(u) of Regulation S-K.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Median of the Annual Total Compensation of All Employees (except CEO)</th>
<th>Annual Total Compensation of CEO</th>
<th>Ratio of CEO Pay to Median Employee Pay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
<td>(B)</td>
<td>(C) = (B)/(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$74,035</td>
<td>$3,007,891</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We chose to exclude all 30 of our employees in the 8 countries as follows:
- Cameroon: 4 employees
- China: 6 employees
- Ghana: 2 employees
- Kenya: 7 employees
- Liberia: 3 employees
- Madagascar: 1 employee
- Mali: 4 employees
- Nepal: 3 employees

Additionally, we excluded 200 flexible, part-time employees in the United States that worked zero (0) hours during 2019 and therefore had $0 earnings.

In total, we excluded 3.16% of our workforce from the identification of the ‘median employee’, as permitted by SEC rules.

Our population, after taking into consideration the permitted adjustments described above, consisted of 7,056 employees. This includes employees who were hired in 2019 but did not work for us for the entire twelve-month period. Our adjusted employee population consisted of 6,075 employees in the U.S. and 981 international employees located collectively in Canada (146), Belgium (270), the United Kingdom (328) and India (237).

We identified our median employee based on the total taxable earnings paid during the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2019. For purposes of determining the total compensation actually paid, we included: the amount of base salary (or, in the case of hourly workers, base wages including overtime pay) the employee received during the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, and the amount of any cash incentives paid to the employee in such period, as reflected in our payroll records. We did not annualize the total cash compensation of any permanent employee employed for less than the full year.

Except as described in this section, we did not rely on any material assumptions, adjustments (e.g. the cost of living adjustments) or estimates (e.g. statistical sampling) to identify our median employee or determine annual total compensation or any elements of annual total compensation for our median employee or our CEO.

For purposes of identifying the median employee, we applied the average of 12 exchange rates we used for financial statement conversion purposes for the period of January 2019 through December 2019, which are:
- 1 CAD = 0.754635USD
- 1 EUR = 1.116356 USD
- 1 GBP = 1.276838 USD
- 1 INR = 0.014205USD
The SEC’s pay ratio disclosure rules provide reporting companies with a great deal of flexibility in determining the methodology used to identify the median employee and the pay ratio. Our methodology may differ materially from the methodology used by other companies to prepare their pay ratio disclosures. In addition, the percentage of employees outside of the United States may vary substantially from company to company. Factors such as these may contribute to a lack of comparability between our pay ratio and the pay ratio reported by other companies, including those within our sector.
SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 31, 2021, by:
- each person, or group of affiliated persons, known to us to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- each of our directors and nominees for director;
- each person who was a NEO; and
- all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

The percentages shown in the following table are based on 18,859,608 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2021. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and includes voting and investment power with respect to shares. The number of shares beneficially owned by a person includes shares subject to options, RSUs and PSAs held by that person that were exercisable as of March 31, 2021, or within 60 days of that date. The shares issuable under those options, RSUs and PSAs are treated as if they were outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of the person holding those options, RSUs or PSAs, but are not treated as if they were outstanding for the purposes of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Unless otherwise indicated below, to our knowledge, all persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to their shares of common stock, except to the extent authority is shared by spouses under applicable law.

The following table sets forth the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the indicated parties. Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each person is: c/o ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors, Nominee &amp; Executive Officers</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan(1)</td>
<td>256,553</td>
<td>1.36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>81,325</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>51,754</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>1,679</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>15,440</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donald J. Terreri</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eileen O'Shea Auen</td>
<td>40,406</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marilyn Crouther</td>
<td>1,459</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. Srikant M. Datar(2)</td>
<td>41,202</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheryl W. Grisé</td>
<td>24,050</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randall Mehl</td>
<td>10,351</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scott B. Salmirs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter M. Schulte(3)</td>
<td>225,922</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michael J. Van Handel</td>
<td>13,131</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Directors, Director Nominees and Executive Officers as a group (14 persons)</strong></td>
<td>763,281</td>
<td>4.05%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BlackRock, Inc. and subsidiaries as a group(4)</td>
<td>1,417,412</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55 East 52nd Street</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, NY 10055</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensional Fund Advisors LP(5)</td>
<td>1,367,390</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Building One, 6300 Bee Cave Road</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austin, TX 78746</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC and subsidiaries as a group(6)</td>
<td>1,083,685</td>
<td>5.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1330 Avenue of the Americas, 38th Floor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York, NY 10019</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Represents beneficial ownership of less than 1%.
The total number of shares listed as beneficially owned by Sudhakar Kesavan includes 197,189 shares of common stock held in two family trusts.

The total number of shares listed as beneficially owned by Dr. Srikant M. Datar includes 40,279 shares of common stock held in two estate planning limited liability companies, of which Dr. Datar is a co-manager.

The total number of shares listed as beneficially owned by Peter M. Schulte includes 1,248 shares of common stock that are held indirectly as a result of gifts to or purchases by immediate family members in his household, as well as 40,520 shares that are pledged as collateral for a personal loan, in compliance with the Company’s anti-pledging policies in place at the time of the pledging.

Based upon information contained in the Schedule 13G/A filed by BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock") with the SEC on January 29, 2021, BlackRock beneficially owned 1,388,839 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2020, with sole voting power over 1,417,412 shares, shared voting power over no shares, sole dispositive power over 1,417,412 shares and shared dispositive power over no shares.

Based upon information contained in the Schedule 13G/A filed by Dimensional Fund Advisors LP ("Dimensional Funds") with the SEC on February 12, 2021, Dimensional Funds beneficially owned 1,367,390 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2020, with sole voting power over 1,321,141 shares, shared voting power over no shares, sole dispositive power over 1,367,390 shares and shared dispositive power over no shares.

Based upon information contained in the Schedule 13G filed by Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC ("Silvercrest") with the SEC on February 16, 2021, Silvercrest beneficially owned 1,083,685 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2020, with sole voting power over no shares, shared voting power over 1,083,685 shares, sole dispositive power over no shares and shared dispositive power over 1,083,685 shares.

---

**Equity Compensation Plan Information**

The following table gives information as of our fiscal year end about our common stock that may be issued upon the exercise of options, warrants and rights under the 2018 Incentive Plan:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plan Category (as of 12/31/2020)</th>
<th>(a) Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise Of Outstanding Options, Warrants And Rights</th>
<th>(b) Weighted-Average Exercise Price Of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights(2)</th>
<th>(c) Number of Securities Remaining Available For Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equity Compensation Plans Approved By Security Holders</td>
<td>492,257(1)</td>
<td>$31.93</td>
<td>1,107,968</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved By Security Holders</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>492,257</td>
<td>$31.93</td>
<td>1,107,968</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Includes 38,227 shares subject to stock options, 305,399 restricted stock units, 6,510 directors restricted stock units and 142,121 performance shares outstanding under the 2018 Incentive Plan.

(2) Exercise price is for outstanding stock options only; restricted stock units, director restricted stock units and performance shares have no exercise price.
EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

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Compensation Discussion and Analysis

In this section, we describe the material components of the Company’s executive compensation program for our NEOs, whose compensation is set forth in the 2020 Summary Compensation Table and other compensation tables contained in this Proxy Statement.

We also provide an overview of our executive compensation philosophy and executive compensation program. In addition, we explain how and why the

Human Capital Committee (for purposes of this CD&A, the “Committee”) arrived at the specific compensation decisions regarding our NEOs for fiscal year 2020.

The Committee has responsibility for establishing, implementing, and monitoring adherence to the Company’s compensation philosophy. The Committee strives to ensure that the total compensation paid to the Company’s executives is fair, reasonable, and competitive. Generally, the types of compensation and benefits provided to the Company’s NEOs are similar to those provided to other members of the Company’s executive leadership team.

Fiscal 2020 – Financial Highlights

In 2020, one of the most challenging business periods in recent history, ICF won a record $2 billion in contract awards, laying the foundation for strong future growth. Our employees adapted quickly to working remotely, seamlessly executing programs and winning new business. ICF achieved solid
performance despite COVID-19’s significant impact to certain parts of our business. Financial highlights for 2020 included the following:

- Total revenues increased 1.9% to $1.51 billion.
- Service revenue increased 4.1% to $1.04 billion.
- Operating income decreased 12.1% to $89.1 million.
- Net income decreased 20.3% to $55.0 million.
- Diluted earnings per shares (“EPS”) was $2.87 for 2020, inclusive of $0.79 of tax-effected special charges, of which $0.53 represented one-time executive retirement and lease-related charges. This compares to $3.59 per diluted share for 2019, inclusive of $0.24 of special charges.

We continue to work with our stakeholders to assess the pandemic’s further implications to our business and to mitigate adverse consequences to clients and employees. To protect employee health and safety, we anticipate delivery of the adverse consequences to clients and employees. To protect pandemic’s further implications to our business and to mitigate December 31, 2020. ICF did exercise the option to defer reimbursements subject to limitations and not extending past requirements due to government restrictions. We did not have employees who are unable to perform their contract contractors to seek specified reimbursement for certain ("threat. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act contains a provision that allows federal contractors to seek specified reimbursement for certain employees who are unable to perform their contract requirements due to government restrictions. We did not have any significant claims under the CARES Act, with its reimbursements subject to limitations and not extending past December 31, 2020. ICF did exercise the option to defer payment of the employer portion of the Social Security tax during 2020, which amounted to approximately $20.0 million, with 50% to be repaid by December 31, 2021 and the remainder by December 31, 2022.

As part of management actions to counter the impact of COVID-19 on our employees, management:

- Instituted a staff redeployment process to reposition impacted employees to other positions within the company.
- Effectively shared available work by moving certain employees to reduced hours while maintaining benefits eligibility.
- Implemented short-term furloughs, including on a rotating basis to share available work.
- Established a program enabling employees to donate earned time off for use by eligible impacted employees.
- Provided limited paid benefits for employees separated as a result of COVID-19’s impact on client work.
- In areas of the business most impacted by the pandemic, senior leaders voluntarily undertook temporary salary reductions.

We continually monitored and aligned our costs with anticipated revenues. In the U.S. and in our international operations, and in response to the pandemic, we used short-term furloughs, temporary wage reduction programs, and staff reductions where unavoidable. We incurred $2.1 million in severance costs related to unanticipated terminations associated with COVID-19. We are currently participating in several international government subsidy programs aimed at keeping eligible employees on the payroll during the pandemic, providing approximately $3.0 million as of December 31, 2020. Subsidies are limited in the amount and time in which payroll costs are covered. In 2021, we will remain agile and focused on client and employee needs and adapt quickly, as we did in 2020.

**Compensation Highlights**

The Committee took the following actions during fiscal year 2020 and at the beginning of fiscal year 2021 to maintain governance best practices and the pay-for-performance nature of our executive compensation program:

- Supported the continuation of an annual, non-binding, advisory vote of the Company’s stockholders regarding the Company’s overall pay-for-performance named executive officer compensation program (“Say on Pay”) which, in 2020, garnered support of 95.13% of the votes cast. The Say on Pay vote at the Annual Meeting (Proposal 2) will be the eleventh consecutive annual Say on Pay vote by stockholders.
- Continued utilizing performance share awards (“PSAs”) as a key component of ICF’s long-term incentive program. PSAs are performance contingent awards under which executives may earn shares depending on the Company’s actual performance against pre-established performance measures. The performance periods of the PSAs are long-term and align executives’ interests with the interests of long-term stockholders.
- Conducted an annual review to ensure compliance with stock ownership guidelines for our named executive officers (“NEOs”). As of March 31, 2021, each NEO met the stock ownership guidelines or is expected to meet the applicable stock ownership guidelines within the specified time period.
- Continued the performance focus in the Company’s annual bonus program rigorously linking pay to performance. Annual threshold, target and maximum performance goals were established with appropriate incentive payouts at each level.
- Continued the annual review of NEO compensation against best practices and market data.
- Extensively reviewed external executive compensation trends to ensure that the Company’s executive compensation practices align with market best practices. The peer group and other market data from nationwide salary services are used to provide a relevant basis for determining executive pay levels.
- Strengthened our “clawback” rights in the context of new severance arrangements for NEOs James Morgan, Bettina Welsh, and Sergio Ostria.
- Adopted an updated and more comprehensive Hedging and Pledging Transactions Policy that establishes a restriction on short sales and other hedging transactions, pledging and the establishment of margin accounts.
Stockholder-Aligned Executive Compensation Practices

The Company implements and maintains leading practices in its executive compensation programs as outlined below:

What We Do

✓ Our pay-for-performance executive compensation program is presented for a non-binding advisory vote during the annual meeting of stockholders.

✓ Target compensation is analyzed and compared against peer data and regressed market-based benchmarks. Actual compensation may increase or decrease depending on performance.

✓ Our selection of peer companies is balanced so the Company’s revenue is close to the median of the peer group. The peer group is reviewed annually to ensure appropriate companies are included and others removed if involved in mergers and acquisitions.

✓ The Committee has engaged an independent compensation consultant.

✓ We require one (1) year minimum vesting for our equity awards, except for grants totaling no more than a maximum of five percent (5%) of the shares available for grant.

✓ Our annual equity award grants provide for vesting over three (3) years for RSUs and PSAs.

✓ All NEOs and other designated executive officers are subject to stock ownership requirements which further align their interests with stockholders.

✓ The severance agreements with the NEOs include a “double-trigger” for any severance benefits payable following a change of control.

✓ Our 2018 Incentive Plan includes “double trigger” accelerated vesting for equity awards in the event of a change of control of the Company plus termination within twenty-four (24) months following the change of control for our NEOs.

✓ Our clawback policy covers cash and equity awards and applies to all employees.

✓ Severance arrangements with Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh and Mr. Ostria include additional “clawback” provisions.

✓ We have minimal perquisites.

✓ We review tally sheets for each executive annually to ensure there is sufficient retention capability built into the pay package, and that the NEOs have similar interests as stockholders.

What We Don’t Do

× Our executive officers and directors are prohibited from hedging Company shares.

× Individual equity grant agreements prohibit the pledging or assignment of stock grants. We have also adopted the Hedging and Pledging Policy which has restrictions on pledging, assignment of stock grants and establishment of margin accounts.

× Our 2018 Incentive Plan prohibits the repricing of equity awards or cash-buyout of underwater stock options and PSAs.

× Our 2018 Incentive Plan does not allow the recycling of shares used to exercise options or sold to pay withholding taxes.

× We do not issue dividend payments on unvested equity awards.

× We do not provide tax gross-ups.

Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

The fundamental objectives of the Company’s compensation philosophy remain:

Reward performance and contribution to our business. Our compensation programs are designed to reward extraordinary performance with higher compensation. Likewise, where individual performance falls short of expectations and/or Company performance lags behind budgeted plan performance, the programs deliver lower or no payouts.

Pay-for-performance and retention must be balanced. Although performance is a key element of the Company’s compensation philosophy, in order to attract and retain a highly skilled work force we must remain competitive with the pay of our peer companies with which we compete for talent. We assess competitiveness using a peer group where the Company’s revenue is close to the peer group median. In addition, we review market benchmarks for pay across several large global compensation surveys, regressed for our company size.
Compensation should be aligned with stockholder interests. Key employees should receive a substantial proportion of their compensation as equity in order to align their individual financial interests with the financial interests of our stockholders.

The relationship between overall Company goals and each individual’s personal goals should be clear. Employees should be able to easily understand how their efforts can affect their pay, both directly through individual performance and indirectly by contributions to the business unit and the Company achieving strategic and operational goals.

Provide minimal perquisites for NEOs. Our compensation programs include only those perquisites commonly provided to attract and retain the NEOs and/or improve a NEO’s ability to carry out his or her responsibilities safely and effectively.

Guidelines for ICF’s Executive Officer Compensation Program

Development of Financial/Strategic Performance Goals. Each year, Company management presents its budget, revenue forecast, and strategy to the Board in the November/December timeframe, allowing the Board and management to develop a consensus on financial and strategic goals for the following year. These goals are reflected in the compensation program for the following year and the metrics that will drive individual performance goals, total compensation targets and actual compensation levels.

Elements of Compensation Program. Consistent with prior years, the principal components of our NEOs' 2020 compensation included: (i) base salary, (ii) annual incentive compensation and (iii) long-term incentive equity awards. The following table outlines the key components of our compensation program for our NEOs (excluding health and similar benefits, which are generally available to all employees).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compensation Element</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Design</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fixed Component</strong></td>
<td>Base Salary</td>
<td>Provide a pay opportunity that is generally competitive with other companies with which we compete for talent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Short-Term Incentive Performance-Based Component</strong></td>
<td>Annual Incentive Compensation</td>
<td>Optimize the profitability and growth of the Company through incentives consistent with the Company's goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Link and align the personal interests of participants with an incentive for excellence in individual performance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Promote teamwork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Long-Term Incentive Performance-Based Component</strong></td>
<td>Long-Term Incentive Equity Awards</td>
<td>Enhance the link between the creation of stockholder value and long-term executive incentive compensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Encourage participants to focus on long-term Company performance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Provide an opportunity for increased equity ownership by executives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Provide a retention tool for key talent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>50% of award = RSUs with 3-year vesting at 25%, 25%, 50% per year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Actual pay vs. target for the short-term incentive performance-based component and the long-term incentive performance-based component, and the resulting mix of pay components versus target mix, will vary due to the performance of the Company and the NEOs. This provides the Committee flexibility in awarding incentive compensation and making pay adjustments to maintain competitive levels of total compensation. For each NEO, the Committee reviews a tally sheet which assigns a dollar amount to each identified compensation element as well as current and potential wealth accumulation based on outstanding equity awards. The Committee believes the tally sheet is a useful tool to ensure there is sufficient retention capability built into existing pay packages and that the NEOs have a stake in the Company’s performance, consistent with the interests of Company stockholders.

Assessment of Annual Performance.

For purposes of compensation awards in 2020:

The Committee reviewed various performance summaries and reports and made recommendations to the Board regarding compensation for the then Executive Chair and then President and CEO (for purposes of this CD&A, the “CEO”). In the case of executives other than the then Executive Chair and the CEO, including the newly appointed Executive Vice President and CBO and the newly appointed CFO, as well as the other NEOs, the CEO reviewed the performance of the executive team, provided a summary of the fiscal year accomplishments by the executive team and Company as a whole to the Committee, and made recommendations to the Committee based on these reviews and an analysis of competitive market data. The Committee took this input into account when determining compensation for other NEOs.

For purposes of compensation awards in 2021:

The Committee reviewed various performance summaries and reports and made recommendations to the Board regarding compensation for the CEO. In the case of executives other than the CEO, the CEO reviewed the performance of the executive team, provided a summary of fiscal year accomplishments by the executive team and the Company, as a whole, to the Committee and made recommendations to the Committee, based on these reviews and an analysis of competitive market data. The Committee took this input into account when determining compensation for those NEOs.

Impact of Acquisitions. Because strategic merger and acquisition transactions have historically been an integral element of the Company’s growth strategy, our executive compensation structure reflects the time and effort needed to successfully identify, negotiate and integrate acquisitions. Typically, our executives are rewarded for this element through share price appreciation in the long-term incentive component rather than receiving an explicit cash award tied to merger and acquisition transactions. However, should a transaction exceed 10% of the Company’s prior year’s gross revenue, then based on the timing and size of the acquisition, executives may be given an opportunity to earn an extra short-term incentive with no change in previously established performance targets.

Implementing Our Objectives

Use of Market Data

ICF uses regressed survey data from several nationally recognized compensation surveys to supplement peer group data. This is especially helpful in addressing NEO roles other than the CEO and CFO role. The other executive roles are not always consistent with the third, fourth and fifth paid NEOs in proxy filings of our peers in the peer group. Therefore, market data is reviewed to support the peer group data.

Use of Peer Company Data

The Committee annually reviews our peer group and the methodology for choosing participating companies. The five (5) guiding principles used for the selection of peer companies are:

- Size: We aim for the overall peer group median to approximate our revenue, and we generally select peers between 0.5x to 2.5x of our revenue. In some instances, a peer may fall outside this range if it is otherwise deemed a strong business and talent comparator.
- Similar business characteristics: Selected peer companies either compete with us or have similar market demands.
- Talent pool: Selected peer companies compete with us for talent.
- External constituents: Some selected peer companies were named by our equity research analysts as peers or are other companies that identify ICF as a peer.
- Sectors: In addition to focusing on Professional Services (our designated Global Industry Classification Standard), other relevant sectors, including IT Services, Health Care Technology and Commercial Services were also reviewed.

We believe the companies selected for our 2020 peer group (the “2020 Peer Group”) continue to reflect our current mix of services.
The companies comprising the 2020 Peer Group are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>2020 Revenue (millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation</td>
<td>$7,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Science Applications International Corporation</td>
<td>7,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CACI International Inc.</td>
<td>5,720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximus, Inc.</td>
<td>3,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Tetra Tech, Inc.</td>
<td>2,995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ManTech International Corporation</td>
<td>2,518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>FTI Consulting Inc.</td>
<td>2,461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Unisys Corporation</td>
<td>2,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ICF International, Inc.</td>
<td>1,507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>CBIZ, Inc.</td>
<td>964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Huron Consulting Group Inc.</td>
<td>871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Resources Connection, Inc.</td>
<td>703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>VSE Corporation</td>
<td>662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>CRA International Inc.</td>
<td>508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>GP Strategies Corporation</td>
<td>473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Exponent Inc.</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based on the most recent completed fiscal year-end.

Annual Compensation Practice Review

In anticipation of the upcoming executive compensation review cycle, the Committee continued its engagement of Aon plc as its independent compensation consultant (“Aon”) to assist the Committee in reviewing the Company’s compensation policies and practices for 2020. In particular, the Committee asked Aon to discuss current executive compensation trends and provide feedback regarding management’s competitive assessment for executive positions. For additional information regarding Aon and its relationship with the Committee see “Role of Compensation Consultants in Compensation Decisions” below.

In making its compensation determinations, the Committee reviewed and assessed the analysis and recommendations of Company management. The Committee also requested the views of Aon and obtained an assessment of management’s analysis from management’s executive compensation consultant, Semler Brossy Consulting Group, LLC (“Semler Brossy”). In connection with its evaluation of management’s recommendations, as well as its discussions with Aon and Semler Brossy, the Committee determined that, while the peer group compensation data was the appropriate primary focus, the Company does compete with many other companies for top executive-level talent. Thus, the peer group assessment is just one of many inputs into the Committee’s decisions.

Role of Management in Compensation Decisions. In early 2020, the Committee made compensation determinations for all NEOs, and reflected the establishment of (i) the Executive Chair and (ii) EVP and CBO roles. In the case of executives other than the then Executive Chair and the then President and CEO, the then CEO reviewed the performance of the executive team, provided a summary of the fiscal year accomplishments by the executive team and Company as a whole to the Committee, and made recommendations to the Committee based on these reviews and an analysis of competitive market data. The Committee considered the performance of the Company and of the then Executive Chair and the then CEO and made recommendations to the Board regarding their compensation.

The Committee took into account input from the CEO with respect to the approval of compensation for the CFO and other NEOs.

In late February 2021, the Committee made compensation determinations for all NEOs. The process was similar to 2020, except no compensation decisions were made for the Executive Chair, who retired, effective December 31, 2020. The Committee recommended compensation actions for the CEO for approval by the Board, and the Committee considered the input of the CEO in making determinations regarding the CFO and other NEO compensation.

Role of Compensation Consultants in Compensation Decisions. In retaining Aon in 2020, the Committee determined, and periodically re-assesses such determination, that Aon’s engagement does not present any conflicts of interest. In making this determination, the Committee considered the following factors, consistent with SEC requirements:

(i) the provision of other services to the Company by Aon (including, without limitation, the engagement of Aon by the Governance and Nominating Committee);
(ii) the fees to be paid to Aon by the Committee and by the Governance and Nominating Committee;
(iii) the policies and procedures of Aon that are designed to prevent conflicts of interest;
(iv) any business or personal relationship between Aon and a member of the Committee;
(v) any stock of the Company owned by Aon or the Aon personnel providing services to the Committee; and
(vi) any business or personal relationships between the executive officers of the Company and Aon or the Aon personnel providing services to the Committee.

The Committee’s charter provides the Committee with sole authority to retain, terminate and approve fees of a compensation consultant to the Committee and that all such fees, as determined by the Committee, shall be paid by the Company.
In 2020, Aon continued to serve in an advisory capacity to review and discuss with the Committee and/or the Committee Chair the competitive assessment performed by the Company’s management, offer suggestions, and provide insight into market compensation trends.

In addition, as noted above, management retained Semler Brossy to assist in developing its recommendations to the Committee regarding compensation benchmarking, compensation practices, short-term incentive design, and long-term incentive design, particularly the Performance Share Program.

The Committee considered management’s assessment and recommendations, as well as the information provided by both Aon and Semler Brossy (with respect to management’s assessment), in making its compensation determinations. However, as specified in its charter, the Committee retains final approval of all material elements of executive compensation, with the exception of the CEO compensation, which is approved by the Board.

2020 Say on Pay Vote

At the Company’s 2020 annual meeting of stockholders, stockholders cast an advisory vote regarding the Company’s overall pay-for-performance NEO compensation program. Approximately 95.13% of the votes cast on the Say on Pay proposal were voted in favor of the Company's executive compensation program. Given this significant level of support from the Company’s stockholders, the Committee and the Board believe that the Company is taking a measured, informed, and responsible approach to executive compensation which incorporates all of the Company’s objectives and policies set forth above, including, but not limited to, a pay-for-performance culture that retains executives who perform strongly. For 2020, and as set forth below, the Board and the Committee considered this substantial affirmation as one of many factors in crafting its compensation program.

### Executive Compensation Components

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, the principal components of compensation for our NEOs included: (i) base salary; (ii) annual incentive compensation; and (iii) long-term incentive equity awards.

For the NEOs, the Committee has discretion with respect to the size, types, amounts, and principal components of compensation, and, in the case of cash bonuses and equity awards, whether to make any available. For incentive compensation, the Committee establishes pre-determined percentage weights for each component of the annual bonus, and pre-determined percentage weights for equity awards. The following section summarizes the role of each compensation component and how decisions are made for the NEOs.

### Base Salary

The Committee annually reviews the salaries of our NEOs. In considering salary adjustments, the Committee takes into account peer group market data, individual performance and changes in job responsibilities. In March of 2020, salaries were held steady for Messrs. Kesavan, Wasson, Morgan, and Ostria. All amounts were determined considering performance and market alignment with peer group and market survey data. Annual base salaries for 2019 and 2020 are shown below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>2019 Base Salary</th>
<th>2020 Base Salary</th>
<th>2020% Increase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>$918,836</td>
<td>$918,836</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>$562,790</td>
<td>$562,790</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$440,000</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) John Wasson was promoted to President and CEO in October 2019. Effective October 1, 2019, Mr. Wasson’s salary increased to $800,000 to better align with his new position.

(2) Bettina Welsh was appointed CFO in February 2020.

### Annual Incentive Compensation

Both our cash bonuses and equity awards are made pursuant to our 2018 Incentive Plan. The 2018 Incentive Plan is designed to: (i) optimize the profitability and growth of the Company through incentives consistent with the Company’s goals; (ii) link and align the personal interests of participants with an incentive for excellence in individual performance; and (iii) promote teamwork.

### Annual Incentive Program for 2020

Based on the market alignment with peer group, market survey data, and performance the Committee concluded that target cash incentive awards as a percentage of base salary for the 2020 Company’s annual bonus program (the “Annual Incentive Program”) would remain generally the same in 2020 as they were in 2019, as shown below.
The financial portion (80%) is based on the following:

### 2020 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FACTORS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Payout Range</th>
<th>Threshold Payout</th>
<th>Target Payout</th>
<th>Maximum Payout</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>85% - 115%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>200%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Gross Revenue</td>
<td>90% - 125%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>125%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Financial Goals:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>80%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Performance between threshold and maximum levels for the 2020 Annual Incentive Program is determined by straight-line interpolation between the targeted amounts. Performance below any threshold level results in no bonus amount for that performance factor. The 2020 Company performance factors and actual results, as described herein, are shown in the following table.

### 2020 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE GOALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>2020(2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Threshold</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS (1)</td>
<td>$3.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Gross Revenue</td>
<td>$1,462.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target</td>
<td>$4.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>$4.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>$4.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Adjusted Results</td>
<td>$4.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Results for Payout</td>
<td>$4.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>2020(2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Threshold</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS (1)</td>
<td>$3.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Gross Revenue</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>$4.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual</td>
<td>$4.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COVID-19 Adjusted Results</td>
<td>$4.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Results for Payout</td>
<td>$4.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) See attached Annex A to this Proxy Statement for a description of the GAAP reconciliation.

(2) All numbers except adjusted EPS are in $ millions and rounded up.

ICF experienced a downturn in certain areas of the business as a result of COVID-19. Although a decline occurred in revenue in the Commercial Marketing and Europe & Asia business, management developed and successfully implemented a significant mitigation of the impact on EPS and EBITDA results and took action in areas including enhanced benefits, employment continuation and severance to mitigate the impact on employees. The Committee approved an adjustment to both 2020 Adjusted EPS and Company Gross Revenue for the purpose of determining the 2020 Annual Incentive award.

This adjustment reflected the specific net revenue and gross margin impact to the Company from client curtailment of work directly related to COVID-19, net of any revenue gains related to new work generated by the pandemic. While the COVID-19 adjustments initially generated EPS and revenue performance above target, final adjustments to Adjusted EPS and Gross Company Revenue used for incentive calculation were capped at target levels.
Based on the Committee’s approval of adjusted financial results, the financial portion of the 2020 Annual Incentive Program was earned as follows:

**FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FACTORS – RESULTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan(1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Mr. Kesavan retired on December 31, 2020 and did not receive annual incentive compensation.

With respect to each NEO’s individual performance, the Committee’s payout determinations considered each executive’s contributions toward the individual non-financial goals established at the start of the year. Each NEO was assigned individual goals, including, but not limited to:

- Strategic growth initiatives and acquisition integration;
- Enterprise systems and process transformation; and
- Key leadership talent recruitment and development.

The Committee approved the following results for the individual performance portion of the NEOs’ compensation as follows:

**INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE FACTORS – RESULTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Actual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan(1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh(2)</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Mr. Kesavan retired on December 31, 2020 and did not receive annual incentive compensation.
(2) Ms. Welsh was appointed as CFO in February 2020.

The combination of financial and individual performance results, as approved by the Committee, resulted in the following 2020 Annual Incentive Program earned amounts, paid in cash:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>Actual Results as % of Target</th>
<th>2020 Bonus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan(1)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>$760,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>$374,258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>$277,202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>$195,706</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Mr. Kesavan retired on December 31, 2020 and did not receive annual incentive compensation.

**Long-Term Incentive Equity Awards**

**Equity Awards.** The long-term incentive equity awards component of the Company’s compensation program is designed to:

- enhance the link between the creation of stockholder value and long-term executive incentive compensation;
- encourage participants to focus on long-term Company performance;
- provide an opportunity for increased equity ownership by executives;
- provide a retention tool for key talent; and
- maintain competitive levels of long-term incentive compensation.

In determining awards to the NEOs, the Committee considers current value and projected share usage. Equity awards vary among participants based on their positions within the Company, their individual contributions, and the value they have added to the organization.

The NEOs’ annual long-term equity award is divided evenly with 50% weight on RSUs and 50% weight on PSAs. RSUs are focused on executive retention with three-year time-based vesting requirements and a payout in shares. PSAs are tied to the Company’s compounded annual growth rate in adjusted EPS and the Company’s cumulative total stockholder return relative to its compensation peer group ("rTSR").

**Performance Share Awards.** The number of shares that the participant ultimately will receive in connection with a PSA is based on the Company’s performance during two (2) periods. The initial performance period (the “Initial Performance Period”) is two (2) years, from the beginning of year one (1) to the end of the year two (2), and at the end of such period the PSA will be calculated based on Adjusted EPS (“PSA Adjusted EPS”). There will be no payout if PSA Adjusted EPS does not meet or exceed threshold performance.
Effective February 2021, the Committee has updated the Performance Share Plan EPS Adjustment Definition for the impact of acquisitions. The updated definition provides for the adjustment of PSA Adjusted EPS results in the event of an acquisition rather than retroactively adjusting previously established target PSA Adjusted EPS. This update is administrative in nature and intended to align with broader market practice. This will apply to 2020 PSA Adjusted EPS results and any future awards. The 2020 PSA Adjusted EPS reconciliation schedule, including the adjustment for the ITG acquisition, is shown in Annex B.

The secondary performance period (the “Secondary Performance Period”) is three (3) years, from the beginning of year one (1) to the end of year three (3), with the PSA further calculated and paid out at the end of such period based on rTSR multiplied by the Adjusted EPS payout calculation.

The PSA shares are eligible to vest only following the expiration of the Secondary Performance Period. Actual shares vested will be based on the actual financial measures and rTSR achieved within a range between 37.5% and 187.50% of the target number of shares. Performance between threshold and maximum will be determined by straight line interpolation between the targeted amounts.

The number of RSUs and PSAs awarded to an individual participant is determined by:

1. Dividing the target dollar value of the annual equity grant by two (2) to determine the amount to be granted as RSUs, with the other half to be delivered as PSAs.
2. Dividing the resulting RSU and PSA grant target values by the average share price of ICF stock over the twenty (20) day period preceding the grant date to arrive at the number of RSUs and PSAs to be granted. The Committee approves annual awards at a pre-determined quarterly meeting of the Committee, and such awards are effective at a pre-determined date.

2020 Long-Term Equity Grants. In 2020, we continued the use of RSUs and PSAs. The RSUs have a three-year vesting schedule. The PSAs are tied to the Company’s PSA Adjusted EPS and rTSR. The Initial Performance Period began on January 1, 2020 and will end on December 31, 2021 (two (2) years), and at the end of such period the percentage of PSAs available for vesting will be calculated based on PSA Adjusted EPS. The Secondary Performance Period began on January 1, 2020 and will end on December 31, 2022 (three (3) years), with the PSA vesting further modified at the end of such period based on rTSR. The shares underlying the PSAs will be eligible to vest only following the expiration of the Secondary Performance Period.

Following are the 2020 NEO long-term equity targets. The Committee and Board approved a change for John Wasson to bring his total compensation as CEO closer to market.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXECUTIVE</th>
<th>2019 EQUITY TARGET</th>
<th>2020 EQUITY TARGET</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan(1)</td>
<td>275%</td>
<td>275%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson(2)</td>
<td>185%</td>
<td>225%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>130%</td>
<td>130%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh (3)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>125%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Mr. Kesavan retired effective December 31, 2020.
(2) Mr. Wasson was promoted to President and CEO on October 1, 2019. To better align with his new position, his 2020 Long Term Annual Equity target was increased to 225% of base salary.
(3) Ms. Welsh was appointed as CFO in February 2020.
The Committee approved the following 2020 long-term incentive equity awards for our NEOs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RSU EQUITY AWARDS (1)</th>
<th>PSA EQUITY AWARDS (1)</th>
<th>TOTAL EQUITY AWARDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grant Date Fair Value</td>
<td>Grant Date Fair Value</td>
<td>Grant Date Fair Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underlying Shares (#)</td>
<td>Underlying Shares (#)</td>
<td>Underlying Shares (#)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan, Executive Chair</td>
<td>$998,497</td>
<td>$1,015,784</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson, President and CEO</td>
<td>711,314</td>
<td>723,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan, Executive Vice President and CBO</td>
<td>289,089</td>
<td>294,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh, Senior Vice President and CFO</td>
<td>217,293</td>
<td>221,055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria, Executive Vice President</td>
<td>137,469</td>
<td>139,849</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Represents the target grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

2019 Performance Share Awards. In 2019, we granted PSAs under our Performance Program, the vesting of which was tied in the Initial Performance Period to the PSA Adjusted EPS and, in the Secondary Performance Period, to the Company’s rTSR performance. The Initial Performance Period for these PSAs began on January 1, 2019 and ended on December 31, 2020.

In February 2021 the Committee met to review the Initial Performance Period EPS measurement and the proposed adjustments to reported EPS, for the purpose of considering the exclusion of several items from EPS and determining the PSA Adjusted EPS. As a starting point, the Committee noted that the Company reported EPS of $2.87 for fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. (See Annex B to this Proxy Statement). The Committee then reviewed and considered whether certain expenses should be excluded from the reported EPS. After discussion and deliberation, the Committee approved aggregate exclusions of approximately $21.2 million, on a pre-tax basis. On an after-tax basis, the total adjustments considered by the Committee, excluding changes as a result of the ITG acquisition, were approximately $15.6 million. The Committee also approved a positive adjustment in the amount of .21 cents per share to neutralize the ITG acquisition’s initially negative impact on Adjusted EPS for performance shares for the previously awarded 2019 grant.

The after-tax adjustments for the exclusions resulted in an adjustment to reported EPS of $1.03, or a PSA Adjusted EPS of $3.90 for purposes of determining calculations for the Initial Performance Period and for establishing the baseline EPS for the 2021 PSA grants. See attached Annex B to this Proxy Statement for a description of the GAAP reconciliation.

The Committee’s determination was between the Target and Maximum requirements, which were $3.81 and $4.10, respectively, and would generate a payout calculation of 116%, subject to the application of the Secondary Performance Period factor. The Secondary Performance Period began on January 1, 2019 and will end on December 31, 2021 (three (3) years). The PSAs are eligible to vest only following the expiration of the Secondary Performance Period.

2018 Performance Share Awards. In 2018, we granted PSAs under our Performance Program, the vesting of which was tied in the Initial Performance Period to the PSA Adjusted EPS and, in the Secondary Performance Period, to the Company’s rTSR performance. The Initial Performance Period for these PSAs began on January 1, 2018 and ended on December 31, 2019.

In February 2020 the Committee met to review the Initial Performance Period EPS measurement and the proposed adjustments to reported EPS, for the purpose of considering the exclusion of several items from EPS and determining the PSA Adjusted EPS. The Committee’s determination exceeded the maximum requirement, which was $3.16, and generated a payout calculation of 150.0% (the maximum), subject to the application of the Secondary Performance Period factor. The Secondary Performance Period began on January 1, 2018 and ended on December 31, 2020 (three (3) years). The PSAs are eligible to vest only following the expiration of the Secondary Performance Period.

The Company engaged Aon to calculate its cumulative total stockholder return over the Performance Period relative to its Peer Group. It was measured by (A) the sum of (i) the Company’s Average Stock Price (for the 45 day trading period ending December 31, 2020), and (ii) the cumulative amount of dividends declared during the Performance Period, assuming dividend reinvestment on the ex-dividend date, divided by (B) the Company’s Average Stock Price at the beginning of the Performance Period (for the 45 day trading period ending December 31, 2018); provided, that for purposes of calculating rTSR percentile rank, the Company is excluded from the Peer Group. Aon calculated the Company’s total shareholder return at the 45th percentile of the group resulting in a 95.08% rTSR vesting modifier to the PSA Adjusted EPS calculation of 150%, resulting in a total of approximately 142.62% of target shares vested. The Human Capital Committee approved and certified the calculation, and the vested shares were released in January 2021.
Actions Approved in 2021

2021 Peer Group. In September 2020, the Committee approved the current Peer Group without changes from 2020.

The companies comprising the 2021 Peer Group are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>2020 Revenue (millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation</td>
<td>$7,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Science Applications International Corporation</td>
<td>7,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>CACI International Inc.</td>
<td>5,720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Maximus, Inc.</td>
<td>3,462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Tetra Tech, Inc.</td>
<td>2,995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ManTech International Corporation.</td>
<td>2,518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>FTI Consulting Inc.</td>
<td>2,461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Unisys Corporation</td>
<td>2,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ICF International, Inc.</td>
<td>1,507</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>CBIZ, Inc.</td>
<td>964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Huron Consulting Group Inc.</td>
<td>871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Resources Connection, Inc.</td>
<td>703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>VSE Corporation</td>
<td>662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>CRA International Inc.</td>
<td>508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>GP Strategies Corporation</td>
<td>473</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based on the most recent completed fiscal year-end.

2021 Base Salary. The Human Capital Committee annually reviews the salaries of our NEOs. In considering salary adjustments, the Committee takes into account: peer group market data, individual performance and changes in job responsibilities. The increase for Mr. Wasson was made in consideration for moving his base salary closer to the market median as well as for performance. The increases for the other NEOs were made primarily for consideration of performance. In March 2021, the Committee approved the following salaries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>2020 Base Salary</th>
<th>2021 Base Salary</th>
<th>2021 % Increase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
<td>12.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>$562,790</td>
<td>$590,929</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>$440,000</td>
<td>$451,000</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>$444,685</td>
<td>2.25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Annual Incentive Program for 2021. Based on the same factors used to determine base salary, the Committee concluded that target cash and/or stock incentive awards as a percentage of base salary would remain the same for all executives except Mr. Wasson, whose annual incentive target was increased to move closer to the competitive 50th percentile for target total compensation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>2020 Target</th>
<th>2021 Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>110%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Due to the uncertainty surrounding the continued pandemic, the Committee approved one design change for 2021. We have established a performance threshold for Gross Revenue of 80%, which allows for a 40% payout (compared with 90% and 50%, respectively, in 2020). Performance will be measured on a straight-line interpolation between new threshold of 80% and original threshold of 90%, and any performance above 90% will be measured on the straight-line interpolation between 90% and 125%. The current performance threshold and payout factor for EPS will remain unchanged.
2021 PERFORMANCE FACTORS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Financial Performance Factors</th>
<th>Payout Range</th>
<th>Threshold Payout</th>
<th>Target Payout</th>
<th>Maximum Payout</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>85% - 115%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>200%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Gross Revenue</td>
<td>80% - 125%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>125%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Financial Goals 80%

2021 Long-Term Equity Grants. In 2021, we will continue the award of RSUs and PSAs with equal weighting. The RSUs and PSAs will have the same three-year vesting schedules as in 2020. The PSAs will continue to be tied to the Company’s adjusted EPS and rTSR. The Initial Performance Period began on January 1, 2021 and will end on December 31, 2022 (two (2) years). At the end of such period the percentage of PSAs available for vesting will be calculated based on PSA Adjusted EPS. The Secondary Performance Period began on January 1, 2021 and will end on December 31, 2023 (three (3) years) with the PSA vesting further modified at the end of such period, based on rTSR. The shares underlying the PSAs will be eligible to vest only following the expiration of the Secondary Performance Period.

Following are the 2021 NEO equity targets which the Committee and Board approved in February 2021. Mr. Wasson’s equity target increased to move him closer to the competitive 50th percentile for target total compensation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXECUTIVE</th>
<th>2020 EQUITY TARGET</th>
<th>2021 EQUITY TARGET</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>225%</td>
<td>245%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Morgan</td>
<td>130%</td>
<td>130%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>125%</td>
<td>125%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Retirement and Other Benefits

Savings Plan. Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the Company’s tax-qualified defined contribution profit-sharing plan, which has a Section 401(k) feature. Under the terms of this plan:

- Eligible employees may elect to contribute up to 70% of their eligible compensation as salary deferral contributions to the plan, subject to statutory limits.
- We make matching contributions each pay period equal to 100% of an employee’s 401(k) contributions up to the first 3% of the employee’s compensation.
- We also make matching contributions equal to 50% of the employee’s 401(k) contributions up to the next 2% of the employee’s compensation.
- We do not make matching contributions for employee 401(k) contributions in excess of 5% of the employee’s compensation.

Company contributions to this plan for our NEOs are included under the “All Other Compensation” column of the Summary Compensation Table below.

Perquisites. The Company does not provide any material perquisites or personal benefits to its NEOs.

Severance Benefits. As of December 31, 2020, the Company was a party to severance protection agreements with Mr. Wasson, Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh and Mr. Ostria that provide severance benefits in the event of a termination in connection with a change of control and in certain other situations, covering the same subset. We believe these agreements serve to promote stability and continuity among our NEOs. The terms of these agreements and information regarding applicable payments under such agreements are provided under “Wasson Employment and Severance”, “Payments to Other NEOs Pursuant to Severance Letter Agreements,” and “Potential Payments Change of Control,” below.

Further, the Company was party to an Employment Agreement and a Severance Agreement with Mr. Kesavan that were triggered upon his retirement on December 31, 2020. Further details on the payments under those agreements can be found in the discussion beginning on page 51.
Compensation Practices and Risk

The Committee annually considers, in establishing and reviewing the executive compensation program, whether the program encourages unnecessary or excessive risk taking. We do not believe the Company's compensation policies and practices are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company in connection with risk management practices and risk-taking incentives.

The Committee’s goal is to design and establish a compensation program to encourage prudent risk management and discourage inappropriate risk-taking by granting a diverse portfolio that rewards the creation of long-term stockholder value. To help achieve this goal, the Committee considers the risk profile of the primary compensation elements, including Base Salary, the Annual Incentive Program and equity awards.

The Committee believes that the base salaries of the NEOs, being fixed in amount, do not encourage inappropriate risk-taking. Performance factors which serve as the basis for the Annual Incentive Program of the Company’s NEOs may be adjusted each year to account for changes in our business and related risks. Also, a significant proportion of the NEOs compensation is in the form of equity awards with performance and retention features that extend over a period of years. These equity awards do not encourage unnecessary or excessive risk-taking because their ultimate value is tied to our stock price and other stockholder aligned measures (i.e., adjusted EPS growth). The equity awards are subject to long-term vesting schedules so as to help ensure that the NEOs have significant value tied to long-term stock price performance. Specifically, all equity compensation is based either on performance over a three (3)-year period or vesting for a three (3)-year period. This encourages the NEOs to focus on long-term performance, as well as annual results, further reducing inappropriate risk-taking likely to produce only short-term benefits and allowing sufficient time for risk outcomes to emerge.

Additionally, awards under each of the 2010 Incentive Plan and the 2018 Incentive Plan, as amended, are subject to clawback provisions based on certain factors, as noted in “Compensation Recoupment Policy” included in the Plan. In addition, our NEOs other than Messrs. Kesavan and Wasson are parties to new severance agreements that provide for enhanced clawback rights. See “Payment to other NEOs Pursuant to Severance Letter Agreements--Clawback Events and Rights.”
Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes the actual compensation earned by persons who were our named executives during 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and principal position</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Salary ($)(1)</th>
<th>Stock Awards ($) (d)</th>
<th>Non-Equity Incentive Compensation ($) (e)</th>
<th>All Other Compensation ($) (f)</th>
<th>Total ($) (g)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$918,836</td>
<td>$2,014,281</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$2,768,148(5)</td>
<td>$5,701,265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Chair</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$913,696</td>
<td>$3,090,853</td>
<td>$390,621</td>
<td>$12,020</td>
<td>$4,407,190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$887,086</td>
<td>$2,736,934</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$15,790</td>
<td>$3,639,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$1,434,943</td>
<td>$760,000</td>
<td>$12,948</td>
<td>$3,007,891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>President and CEO</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$716,682</td>
<td>$1,641,367</td>
<td>$262,881</td>
<td>$12,944</td>
<td>$2,633,874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$673,164</td>
<td>$1,374,101</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>$11,667</td>
<td>$2,058,932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$562,790</td>
<td>$583,183</td>
<td>$374,258</td>
<td>$11,938</td>
<td>$1,532,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Vice President and CBO</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$559,654</td>
<td>$949,305</td>
<td>$167,480</td>
<td>$11,092</td>
<td>$1,697,531</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$541,306</td>
<td>$873,598</td>
<td>$160,000</td>
<td>$10,793</td>
<td>$1,585,697</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$440,000</td>
<td>$438,348</td>
<td>$277,202</td>
<td>$12,948</td>
<td>$1,168,498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Vice President and CFO (6)</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>$277,318</td>
<td>$195,706</td>
<td>$11,584</td>
<td>$919,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Vice President</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$430,923</td>
<td>$451,342</td>
<td>$79,581</td>
<td>$11,732</td>
<td>$973,578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$411,870</td>
<td>$345,702</td>
<td>$75,200</td>
<td>$12,454</td>
<td>$845,226</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The annual base salary adjustments for our NEOs are made in March of each evaluation year and are effective immediately.

(2) The amounts reported in the “Stock Awards” column (d) of the table above reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of RSUs and PSAs. These values have been determined under the principles used to calculate the grant date fair value of equity awards for purposes of the Company’s financial statements. For a discussion of the methodologies used to value the awards reported in the “Stock Awards” column (d), please see the discussion of stock awards contained in Note 15 – Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation in our consolidated financial statements included in our 2020 Form 10-K.

The grant date fair value of PSAs is calculated based upon the probable performance under the awards’ goal, which was target performance achievement. Assuming the target and maximum payout of the PSAs is achieved, the value of each NEO’s award as of the grant date is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>2020 Grant Date Fair Value PSAs at Target Payout ($) (reflected in table)</th>
<th>2020 Grant Date Fair Value PSAs at Maximum Payout ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>$1,015,784</td>
<td>$1,904,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>$723,629</td>
<td>$1,356,804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>$294,094</td>
<td>$551,426</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>$221,055</td>
<td>$414,478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>$139,849</td>
<td>$262,217</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Amounts shown consist of cash payouts under the Annual Incentive Program.

(4) Details of the amounts reported in the “All Other Compensation” column for 2020 are provided in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Imputed Income</th>
<th>Employer Contributions to 401(k) Plan</th>
<th>Severance</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>$4,572</td>
<td>$7,068</td>
<td>$2,756,508</td>
<td>$2,768,148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>$1,548</td>
<td>$11,400</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$12,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>$1,548</td>
<td>$10,390</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$11,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>$1,548</td>
<td>$11,400</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$12,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>$1,548</td>
<td>$10,036</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$11,584</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As part of the Employment and Severance Agreement, Sudhakar Kesavan was entitled to a severance of $2,756,508. See discussion in “Kesavan Employment and Severance Agreement” below.

(5) The severance portion for Mr. Kesavan will be paid in 2021.

(6) Ms. Welsh was appointed as CFO in February 2020.
Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2020

The following table provides information concerning all award grants made to the NEOs during 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Grant Date</th>
<th>Award Type</th>
<th>Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards ($) (1)</th>
<th>Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards (#) (2)</th>
<th>All Other Stock Awards Number of;</th>
<th>Grant Date Fair Value of Stock Awards ($) (3)(4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan, Executive Chair</td>
<td>1/1/2020</td>
<td>AIP</td>
<td>$918,836</td>
<td>6,483</td>
<td>17,287</td>
<td>5,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,015,784</td>
<td></td>
<td>308,727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>RSU (5)</td>
<td></td>
<td>998,497</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson, President and CEO</td>
<td>1/1/2020</td>
<td>AIP</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>4,618</td>
<td>12,315</td>
<td>3,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
<td>723,629</td>
<td></td>
<td>207,763</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>RSU</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>711,314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan, Executive Vice President and CBO</td>
<td>1/1/2020</td>
<td>AIP</td>
<td>$393,953</td>
<td>1,877</td>
<td>5,005</td>
<td>2,291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
<td>294,094</td>
<td></td>
<td>132,328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>RSU (5)</td>
<td></td>
<td>289,089</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh, Senior Vice President and CFO</td>
<td>1/1/2020</td>
<td>AIP</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1,411</td>
<td>3,762</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
<td>221,055</td>
<td></td>
<td>18,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>RSU (5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria, Executive Vice President</td>
<td>1/1/2020</td>
<td>AIP</td>
<td>$217,450</td>
<td>893</td>
<td>2,380</td>
<td>1,088</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
<td>139,849</td>
<td></td>
<td>62,843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3/20/2020</td>
<td>RSU (5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Titles listed are titles in place at 2020 year-end.

(1) Amounts represent the target cash bonus payouts for fiscal 2020 awards under the Annual Incentive Program. The actual payout amounts under the Annual Incentive Program for 2020 are reported in the Non-Equity Incentive Compensation column of the Summary Compensation Table above. The financial performance-based bonus is worth 80% of the overall payout, calculated on achievement of threshold targets and interpolation between minimum and maximum targets for each performance factor. The individual performance-based bonus is worth 20% of the payout, determined upon achievement of non-financial goals set by the Committee.

(2) The PSAs in these columns represent the threshold, target and maximum number of shares issuable under the 2020 Performance Program. The final payout is subject to the achievement of the performance goals.

(3) These RSU awards, granted pursuant to the annual equity grant, vest in three (3) installments, 25% on each on March 20, 2021 and March 20, 2022, and 50% on March 20, 2023. The closing price of the Company’s common stock on the grant date of March 20, 2020 was $57.76.

(4) The grant date fair value for the PSAs, which are subject to performance conditions, is based on the probable outcome of the performance conditions, which was achievement of target. The grant date fair value of $58.76 was determined by using the Monte Carlo simulation model and is based on the closing price of our common stock of $57.76 on the March 20, 2020 grant date.

(5) RSU Grants are 2019 annual incentive bonus issued as equity grants. These were considered part of the 2019 incentive compensation plan.
The following table provides information concerning unexercised options and stock awards that have not vested for each NEO, outstanding as of December 31, 2020.

**OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT 2020 FISCAL YEAR-END**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Option Awards</th>
<th>Stock Awards</th>
<th>Equity Incentive Plan Awards:</th>
<th>Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)</th>
<th>Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested ($) (1)</th>
<th>Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested ($) (1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option Exercise Price ($)</td>
<td>Option Expiration Date</td>
<td>Number of Securities Underlying Exercisable Options</td>
<td>Number of Securities Underlying Unexercisable Options</td>
<td>Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)</td>
<td>Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested ($)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>22,585 (2)</td>
<td>19,707 (3)</td>
<td>17,287 (4)</td>
<td>1,678,743</td>
<td>1,464,821</td>
<td>1,284,943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Chair (9)</td>
<td>1,649,087</td>
<td>1,493,848</td>
<td>1,360,119</td>
<td>3,597 (6)</td>
<td>3,597 (6)</td>
<td>3,597 (6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>3,663 (5)</td>
<td>272,271</td>
<td>12,315 (6)</td>
<td>10,061 (3)</td>
<td>776,674</td>
<td>747,834</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>President and CEO</td>
<td>10,449 (2)</td>
<td>915,374</td>
<td>12,315 (4)</td>
<td>915,374</td>
<td>915,374</td>
<td>915,374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td>2,838 (1)</td>
<td>210,949</td>
<td>5,005 (6)</td>
<td>5,005 (4)</td>
<td>601,776</td>
<td>601,776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Vice President and CBO</td>
<td>3,689 (7)</td>
<td>274,203</td>
<td>5,005 (4)</td>
<td>372,022</td>
<td>424,127</td>
<td>424,127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,613 (7)</td>
<td>119,894</td>
<td>3,069 (2)</td>
<td>372,022</td>
<td>372,022</td>
<td>372,022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,291 (7)</td>
<td>170,290</td>
<td>2,713 (3)</td>
<td>201,657</td>
<td>201,657</td>
<td>201,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td>3,762 (8)</td>
<td>279,629</td>
<td>3,762 (4)</td>
<td>279,629</td>
<td>279,629</td>
<td>279,629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Vice President and CFO</td>
<td>313 (8)</td>
<td>23,265</td>
<td>4,499 (8)</td>
<td>344,111</td>
<td>344,111</td>
<td>344,111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td>1,076 (5)</td>
<td>79,979</td>
<td>3,069 (2)</td>
<td>228,119</td>
<td>228,119</td>
<td>228,119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Vice President</td>
<td>2,380 (6)</td>
<td>176,905</td>
<td>2,713 (3)</td>
<td>201,657</td>
<td>201,657</td>
<td>201,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1,754 (7)</td>
<td>130,375</td>
<td>2,380 (4)</td>
<td>176,905</td>
<td>176,905</td>
<td>176,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>758 (7)</td>
<td>56,342</td>
<td>1,088 (8)</td>
<td>80,871</td>
<td>80,871</td>
<td>80,871</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) Represents PSAs granted on March 12, 2018 for the 2018-2020 performance period. The PSAs were earned and paid out in shares of ICF stock at the end of the three-year performance period, based upon the performance of two metrics (PSA Adjusted EPS and rTSR). The number of shares of stock shown in this column is the actual number of shares paid out at 142.62% of the target. The performance achievement was approved by the Human Capital Committee and the shares were released on January 26, 2021.

(3) Represents PSAs granted on March 11, 2019 for the 2019-2021 performance period. The PSAs are earned and paid out in shares of ICF stock at the end of the three-year performance period, based upon the performance of two metrics (PSA Adjusted EPS and rTSR). The Initial Performance Period, which is based on PSA Adjusted EPS, began on January 1, 2019 and ended on December 31, 2020. On February 17, 2021, the Human Capital Committee approved the PSA Adjusted EPS of $3.21 which results in a payout of 116.00% of the target. This percentage will be further modified by the rTSR performance factor for the Secondary Performance Period. The Secondary Performance Period began on January 1, 2019 and will end on December 31, 2021. The
rTSR will be applied as a modifier to the PSA Adjusted EPS metric, as a multiplier ranging from 75% to 125%. The number of shares of stock shown in this column is based on the actual PSA Adjusted EPS level of performance at 116.00% of target and the rTSR performance at 100% of target.

(4) Represents PSAs granted on March 20, 2020 for the 2020-2022 performance period. The PSAs are earned and paid out in shares of ICF stock at the end of the three-year performance period based upon the performance of two metrics (PSA Adjusted EPS and rTSR), subject to the Human Capital Committee's approval. The number of shares of stock shown in this column is based on the target level of performance (100.0%) as both the Initial Performance Period and the Secondary Performance Period have not been finalized.

(5) These unvested shares are time-based RSUs that vest in three (3) installments at 25% on each March 12, 2019 and 2020, and 50% on March 12, 2021.

(6) These unvested shares are time-based RSUs that vest in three (3) installments at 25% on March 20, 2021 and 2022, and 50% on March 20, 2023.

(7) These unvested shares are time-based RSUs that vest in three (3) installments at 25% on March 11, 2020 and 2021, and 50% on March 11, 2022.

(8) These unvested shares are time-based RSUs that vest in three (3) installments at 25% on November 11, 2020 and 2021, and 50% on November 11, 2022.

(9) Sudhakar Kesavan retired December 31, 2020. Per his Employment and Severance Agreement, all outstanding options were exercised by December 31, 2020, all outstanding RSU awards were immediately vested and paid out in shares by December 31, 2020, and all outstanding PSAs were immediately vested and will be paid out in shares under the normal payout period under the individual PSA.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested During 2020

The following table provides information concerning the vesting of stock awards and exercise of options for each NEO, on an aggregate basis, during 2020.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Option Awards</th>
<th>Stock Awards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of Shares Acquired on Exercising (#)</td>
<td>Value Realized on Exercising ($)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan, Executive Chair</td>
<td>69,001</td>
<td>$2,449,717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson, President and CEO</td>
<td>34,665</td>
<td>$2,572,121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan, Executive Vice President and CBO</td>
<td>22,691</td>
<td>$1,711,127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh, Senior Vice President and CFO</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>$112,065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria, Executive Vice President</td>
<td>9,054</td>
<td>$678,015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The value of options realized on exercising equals the value of the shares on the date of exercise minus the option exercise price.

(2) The value of the PSAs and RSUs realized on vesting equals the value of the shares underlying the PSAs and RSUs on the date of vesting. The Value Realized on Vesting for Sudhakar Kesavan includes RSUs accelerated under his employment agreement, 50,818 shares for a value of $3,777,302. See “Kesavan Employment and Severance Agreement” below.

Deferred Compensation Plan

We maintain a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (the “Deferred Compensation Plan”) for a select group of key management and highly compensated employees who have been designated as eligible to participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan by the Board or the Human Capital Committee.

The Deferred Compensation Plan allows participants to defer up to 80% of base salary and/or up to 100% of bonus and commissions. All amounts deferred are 100% vested. In addition, we may credit a participant's Deferred Compensation Plan account with our contributions required under an employment agreement or any other agreement and/or with discretionary contributions by us. The Company's contributions are vested pursuant to the terms of any relevant agreement or, if none, on the anniversary of the date on which such contribution was credited to the participant's account balance, in accordance with the following schedule; provided, however, that the participant must be in the service to the Company as an employee on such anniversary to receive vesting credit:

- Less than 1 year—0%
- 1 year but less than 2 years—33%
- 2 years but less than 3 years—67%
- 3 or more years—100%
Two (2) of the NEOs participated in the Deferred Compensation Plan in 2020. None of our contributions were credited under the Deferred Compensation Plan for 2020. Deferred Compensation Plan accounts are deemed to be invested in one (1) or more investment options selected by each participant from investment options offered under the Deferred Compensation Plan.

Deferred Compensation Plan participants are entitled to receive distributions from their Deferred Compensation Plan accounts upon separation from service, death, disability and/or upon a specified date. Subject to the provisions of Section 409A of the Code, Deferred Compensation Plan participants may elect to receive distributions from the Deferred Compensation Plan in single lump-sum payments or installment payments over a period of two (2) to five (5) years for deferrals to specified dates, or two (2) to fifteen (15) years for deferrals until death, disability or other separation from service. If no such election is made, a participant shall be deemed to have elected a lump-sum form of payment.

The following table sets forth information, as of December 31, 2020, regarding contributions and balances of NEOs under the Deferred Compensation Plan:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Executive</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>Earnings in</td>
<td>Distributions</td>
<td>Balance at</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in 2020 FY(1)</td>
<td>for 2020 FY</td>
<td>2020 FY</td>
<td>in 2020 FY</td>
<td>12/31/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sudhakar Kesavan</td>
<td>$117,186</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$425,805</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Wasson</td>
<td>$198,866</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$378,814</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James C. Morgan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bettina Welsh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergio Ostria</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The full amount of executive contributions is included in the Salary and Non-Equity Incentive Compensation columns of the Summary Compensation Table.

**Potential Payments upon Termination or Change of Control**

We maintain employment, severance, and/or change of control agreements with our NEOs. The following summaries describe and quantify the payments each NEO other than Sudhakar Kesavan would receive if his or her employment with the Company were terminated or if we experienced a change of control and the NEO’s employment was terminated following the change of control. The summaries assume that the termination and/or change of control occurred on December 31, 2020, and that the relevant stock price is the closing market price for our common stock on NASDAQ on December 31, 2020, which was $74.33 per share. With respect to Mr. Kesavan, the below summary describes what was triggered upon his retirement on December 31, 2020, payable in June 2021.

The severance provisions of our agreements with our NEOs have a "double trigger" in relation to severance following a change of control. Our NEOs do not receive such severance and other benefits in connection with a change of control unless they are terminated without cause or resign for good reason within twenty-four (24) months following the change of control.

In addition, the executives are entitled to accelerated vesting of restricted stock and other equity awards in accordance with their terms, although some are not payable until their original vesting dates.

Payment of these severance benefits is subject to the executive’s compliance following termination with certain covenants and requirements, such as confidentiality and non-solicitation of customers and employees, and receipt of customary releases.

All amounts and benefits under the agreements described below are to be paid in a manner and form that complies with Code Section 409A or an exception thereunder. The agreements also provide that in the event we determine that any payment, distribution, or other action to or for the executive’s benefit would reasonably be expected to cause any loss of deductions under Code Section 280G, we have the authority to reduce any or all such payments, distributions, or other actions to the extent reasonably necessary to avoid the imposition of such excise tax.

**Kesavan Employment and Severance Agreement**

We entered into an amended and restated employment agreement with Sudhakar Kesavan as of the effective date of our initial public offering on September 27, 2006, which we further amended and restated on December 29, 2008, for the purpose of bringing it into compliance with Code Section 409A. Mr. Kesavan could terminate this agreement by giving 45 days' notice to the Company, and the Company could terminate the agreement either without cause or for cause upon written notice. Mr. Kesavan provided 45 days’ notice of his retirement and retired effective December 31, 2020. The following describes payments due to Mr. Kesavan following his retirement:

(i) his base salary accrued but not yet paid as of the retirement date, with the aggregate amount not to exceed certain limitations set forth in Code Section 409A);
(ii) two (2) times his annual base salary (which will be paid on the first business day after six (6) months from the retirement date, with the aggregate amount not to exceed certain limitations set forth in Code Section 409A); and
(iii) vesting of all equity awards that were issued prior to the date of retirement from employment, with payment in compliance with Code Section 409A, except that PSAs
vested upon his retirement and will be treated as described below;

(iv) a pro rata share of his annual incentive compensation award for the fiscal year in which he retired; and

(v) continuation, at the Company’s expense, of Mr. Kesavan’s family health and dental insurance policy in effect as of the date of termination for 24 months following retirement (or equivalent coverage).

Under the terms of Mr. Kesavan’s PSA agreements, all performance shares vested upon his retirement and will be equal to the value of the award at the end of the performance period based on actual performance.

The payments that will or have been made to Mr. Kesavan, pursuant to his employment agreement and severance agreements, as a result of his retirement as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pro Rata Bonus Share</th>
<th>Severance Benefits</th>
<th>Welfare Benefits</th>
<th>Outplacement Services</th>
<th>Outstanding PS Awards</th>
<th>Accelerated &amp; Vested RSU Awards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S. Kesavan</td>
<td>$ 918,836</td>
<td>$1,837,672</td>
<td>$73,414</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$4,428,507</td>
<td>$3,777,302</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) Assumes rTSR of 100% for the 2019 and 2020 grant.

(3) Value of RSUs accelerated and vested, released on 12/31/2020 due to Mr. Kesavan’s retirement.

Wasson Severance Agreement

We do not have an employment agreement, as such, with Mr. Wasson, but we have entered into a revised Restated Severance Protection Agreement, described below.

Certain changes in Mr. Wasson’s severance arrangements became effective on October 1, 2019, when he became our Chief Executive Officer.

In general terms, under the revised agreement, in the event of an involuntary termination of Mr. Wasson upon death or disability, by the Company for Cause, or voluntary termination by Mr. Wasson without Good Reason, he would not be entitled to severance, but would be entitled to his accrued compensation and, except in the case of termination for Cause, a pro rata bonus for the portion of the year prior to the termination. In the event of termination not within 24 months after a change of control, by the Company without Cause or by Mr. Wasson for Good Reason, he would receive (a) his accrued compensation, (b) pro rata bonus, (c) 24 months of health and certain other benefits, and (d) two times the sum of his base salary plus target annual incentive plan bonus. In the event of termination within 24 months after a change of control, by the Company without Cause or by Mr. Wasson for Good Reason, he would receive (a) his accrued compensation, (b) pro rata bonus, (c) 24 months of health and certain other benefits, and (d) three times the sum of his base salary plus target annual incentive plan bonus.

“Cause” for the termination of Mr. Wasson’s employment with the Company means any of the following: (a) any act that would constitute a material violation of the Company’s material written policies; (b) willfully or knowingly engaging in conduct (i) materially and demonstrably injurious to the Company, or (ii) causing a material and adverse reputational or financial harm to the Company, provided, however, that no act or failure to act, on Mr. Wasson’s part, shall be considered “willful” or “knowing” unless done, or omitted to be done, by Mr. Wasson not in good faith and without reasonable belief that his action or omission was in the best interest of the Company; (c) being indicted for, or if not indicted for, being charged with (i) a crime of embezzlement or a crime involving mental turpitude or (ii) a crime with respect to the Company involving a breach of trust or dishonesty or (iii) in either case, a plea of guilty or no contest to such a crime; (d) abuse of alcohol in the workplace, use of any illegal drug in the workplace or a presence under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs in the workplace; (e) failure to comply in any material respect with applicable law; or (f) willful failure to follow the lawful directives of the Board.

“Good Reason” means the occurrence of any of the events or conditions described in clauses (a) through (e) below, without Mr. Wasson’s written consent:

(a) any (i) material adverse change in Mr. Wasson’s status, title, position or responsibilities (including reporting responsibilities) from Mr. Wasson’s status, title, position or responsibilities, (ii) assignment to Mr. Wasson of duties or responsibilities which are inconsistent with Mr. Wasson’s status, title, position or responsibilities, or (iii) the failure of Mr. Wasson to continue to serve as an executive officer of a public company, in each case except in connection with the termination of Mr. Wasson’s employment due to disability, Cause, as a result of Mr. Wasson’s death or by Mr. Wasson other than for Good Reason;

(b) a reduction in Mr. Wasson’s base salary or any failure to pay Mr. Wasson any cash compensation to which Mr. Wasson is entitled within fifteen (15) days after the date when due;

(c) the imposition of a requirement that Mr. Wasson be based (i) at any place outside a fifty (50) mile radius from Mr. Wasson’s principal place of employment or (ii) at any location other than our corporate headquarters, except, in each case, for reasonably required travel on our business which is not
materially greater in frequency or duration than prior to the imposition of the requirement;

(d) any material breach by the Company of any provision of the agreement; or

(e) the failure of the Company to obtain, as contemplated by the agreement, an agreement, reasonably satisfactory to Mr. Wasson, from any successor entity to assume and agree to perform the agreement; provided that Mr. Wasson (i) provides us with written notice of the condition giving rise to the Good Reason within ninety (90) days of Mr. Wasson’s knowledge of the initial existence of the condition, (ii) provides us with the opportunity to cure within thirty (30) days of Mr. Wasson’s written notice, and (iii) if we do not cure the condition within such thirty (30) day cure period, terminates employment within two (2) years after the date of the initial existence of the condition. A termination will not be deemed to be for Good Reason if Mr. Wasson agrees in writing that a particular condition that would otherwise constitute Good Reason does not constitute Good Reason.

Under the terms of Mr. Wasson’s PSA agreements, upon termination without cause or for good reason, all performance shares will vest and be delivered at the end of the performance period based on actual performance. In the event of a termination without cause or for good reason within two years after a change of control, the PSA’s will fully vest as of the date of termination and be payable, based on attainment of target EPS performance and actual rTSR performance, calculated to the date of termination, within thirty days after the termination.

The payments that would have been made to Mr. Wasson, pursuant to his agreements, other than following a change of control, are in the table below. Payments are calculated using the base salary and target bonus in effect as of a termination of employment on December 31, 2020. Severance costs are subject to change as base salary and target bonus amounts change over time. See discussions of 2021 Base Salary and Target bonuses on page 44.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pro Rata Bonus at Target</th>
<th>Severance</th>
<th>Welfare Benefits</th>
<th>Outplacement Services</th>
<th>Equity Awards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J. Wasson</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$3,200,000</td>
<td>$39,796</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
<td>$4,696,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$4,610,752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$4,696,364</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) rTSR in December 2020 was calculated to be 83% for the 2019 grant and 75% for the 2020 grant.

The payments that would have been made to Mr. Wasson, pursuant to his agreements, following a change of control, are in the table below. Payments are calculated using the base salary and target bonus in effect as of a termination of employment on December 31, 2020. Severance costs are subject to change as base salary and target bonus amounts change over time. See discussions of 2021 Base Salary and Target bonuses on page 44.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pro Rata Bonus at Target</th>
<th>Severance</th>
<th>Welfare Benefits</th>
<th>Outplacement Services</th>
<th>Equity Awards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J. Wasson</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$4,800,000</td>
<td>$59,694</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
<td>$4,696,364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$4,610,752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$4,696,364</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) rTSR in December 2020 was calculated to be 83% for the 2019 grant and 75% for the 2020 grant.
**Payments to other NEOs Pursuant to Severance Letter Agreements**

On February 27, 2020 we entered into severance letter agreements with the Company’s other NEOs, replacing prior arrangements with James Morgan, Executive Vice President and CBO, and Sergio Ostria, Executive Vice President, Client Services and Innovation, and entering into a new agreement with Bettina Welsh in connection with her appointment to serve as Senior Vice President and CFO. The terms of these severance letter agreements (the “Agreements”) are the same.

Under the Agreements severance is available in the event (i) the executive’s employment is involuntarily terminated without Cause (as defined in our most current Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”)) before a Change of Control (as defined in the Plan by reference to Code Section 409A), or (ii) there is a Change of Control and within twelve months thereafter the executive’s employment is involuntarily terminated without Cause or terminated by the executive for Good Reason (each as defined in the Plan). The Agreements also provide us with certain “clawback” rights as described below.

**Not for Cause Termination Other than Following a Change of Control**

In the event we involuntarily terminate an executive’s employment for a reason other than Cause, death, disability, or retirement, not within twelve months after a Change of Control, the executive is entitled to receive the following benefits:

- twelve months of severance pay calculated based on the executive’s base salary at the time of termination, payable commencing within 60 days after termination and in accordance with the Company’s normal payroll practices;
- the executive’s target bonus for the year in which the executive’s employment was involuntarily terminated, payable in a lump sum within 90 days after termination;
- the option to continue the executive’s health insurance coverage in accordance with the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (“COBRA”), with the monthly COBRA premiums for the executive and dependents during the severance payment period being equal to the amount the executive would have paid each month for such group health plan coverage had the executive remained actively employed, which premiums will be payable by the executive, such benefit to cease if the executive becomes employed and is eligible to receive group health plan coverage from the new employer; and
- the option to participate in a six-month executive career transition service.

Under the terms of the NEO PSA agreements, upon termination without cause or for good reason, a prorated number of the PSAs will vest according to the actual EPS and rTSR performance during the entire performance period, prorated based on the number of months of the performance period prior to the date of termination, and be payable at the end of the performance period.

**Termination without Cause or for Good Reason Following a Change of Control**

In the event that, within twelve months after a Change of Control, the executive’s employment is terminated without Cause by the Company or by the executive for Good Reason, the executive is entitled to receive the following:

- twenty-four months of severance pay calculated based on the executive’s base salary at the time of termination, payable in a lump sum within 60 days following termination;
- the sum of (i) the executive’s target bonus for the year in which the executive’s employment was involuntarily terminated, plus (ii) a prorated share of the executive’s target bonus for the year in which the executive’s employment was involuntarily terminated based on the number of full months in the final calendar year in which the executive was employed, payable in a lump sum within 90 days after termination;
- the option to continue the executive’s health insurance coverage in accordance with COBRA, with the monthly COBRA premiums for the executive and dependents during the severance payment period being equal to the amount the executive would have paid each month for such group health plan coverage had the executive remained actively employed, which premiums will be payable by the executive, such benefit to cease if the executive becomes employed and is eligible to receive group health plan coverage from the new employer; and
- the option to participate in a six-month executive career transition service.

Under the Agreements, “Good Reason” means if, within the twelve months following a Change of Control, any of the following events occur to which the executive has not consented in writing: (i) a material reduction of the nature and scope of the authority, functions, or duties that were assigned to the executive immediately prior to the Change of Control; (ii) a material reduction in the compensation the executive was entitled to receive (including applicable bonus plans) immediately prior to the Change of Control; (iii) we relocate the executive’s primary office and work location 50 miles or more away from the primary office and work location at which the executive was situated immediately prior to the Change of Control; or (iv) the entity effectuating the Change of Control fails to adopt the Agreement.

The vesting of any equity awards will be in accordance with the Plan and the applicable award agreement. Other than PSAs, equity grants made after June 5, 2015 will vest on an accelerated basis following a change in control if the executive is terminated other than for cause within two (2) years following the change of control.

In the event of a termination without cause or for good reason within two years after a change of control, the PSAs will fully vest as of the date of termination and be payable, based on attainment of target EPS performance and actual rTSR performance during the period prior to the date of termination, within thirty days after the termination.
Clawback Events and Rights

The Agreements strengthen and broaden the Company’s “clawback” rights under our 2018 Incentive Plan. The Agreements provide that, except following a Change of Control, we have “clawback” rights with respect to “Excess Incentive Awards” arising from “Clawback Events” as defined in the Agreements. Except in situations involving fraud (as to which the statute of limitations will apply), the Human Capital Committee of the Board of Directors, may, within three years after the later to occur of a Clawback Event or harm to us, determine and recommend to the Board of Directors (acting in its sole discretion, but in good faith) that we recover (including, without limitation, through forfeiture) all or a portion of any incentive compensation (including short-term incentive awards or bonuses and long-term (equity) incentive awards) that was granted after the date of the Agreement based wholly or in part on a financial reporting, stock price or similar shareholder return measure under an incentive compensation plan or other incentive compensation arrangement with respect to any of our fiscal year(s) that were negatively affected by such events or matters.

Following and based upon the recommendation of the Human Capital Committee, the independent members of the Board of Directors will review the recommendation and determine whether to direct the Company to assess a recovery from the executive and the amount of recovery to be assessed as an Excess Incentive Award (as defined below). In no event will the amount to be recovered from the executive by the Company in such situations be less than the amount required to be repaid or recovered as a matter of law.

The Board, acting through the independent directors, will determine whether we will recover from the executive such amounts by: (i) seeking repayment, (ii) forfeiting or reducing (subject to applicable law and the terms and conditions of the applicable plan, program or arrangement) the amount that would otherwise be payable to the executive under any compensatory plan, program, or arrangement maintained by us, (iii) withholding payment of future increases in the executive’s compensation (including the payment of any discretionary bonus amount) or grants of compensatory awards that would otherwise have been made in accordance with our otherwise applicable compensation practices, or (iv) any combination of the foregoing. If so determined by the Board, the executive is required to repay the Excess Incentive Award to us.

The Agreements define a “Clawback Event” to include:

- the executive’s acts or omissions (whether or not constituting misconduct) that are a significant contributing factor to the Company having to restate our financial statements;
- the fact that our financial results, as used to determine the executive’s incentive compensation, are found to reflect a material error or otherwise be materially inaccurate, whether or not the executive was responsible for, or the executive’s actions were a significant contributing factor with respect to, the inaccuracy; and/or
- the executive engaged in conduct that is or could have been a basis for termination for Cause, and which causes a material and adverse reputational or other financial harm to us.

An “Excess Incentive Award” is the amount of the clawback determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Agreements. For illustrative purposes:

in the case of a restatement, the Excess Incentive Award would generally be no more than the positive difference, if any, between the short-term incentive awards or bonuses paid to the executive and the amounts(s) of such payments that would have been payable to the executive had the amount(s) of the award(s) been calculated based on our financial statements, as restated, plus an amount reflecting the effect of the restatement on long-term (equity) incentive awards that were granted after the date of the Agreement.

The payments that would have been made to Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh and Mr. Ostria pursuant to the severance letter agreements, other than following a change of control, are in the tables below. Payments are calculated using the base salary and target bonus in effect as of a termination of employment on December 31, 2020. Severance costs are subject to change as base salary and target bonus amounts change over time. See discussion of 2021 Base Salary and Target bonuses on page 44.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Bonus Payment</th>
<th>Salary Continuation</th>
<th>Welfare Benefits</th>
<th>Outplacement Services</th>
<th>Unvested Awards (1)(2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J. Morgan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$393,953</td>
<td>$562,790</td>
<td>$13,758</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$929,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$2,311,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$929,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Welsh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$308,000</td>
<td>$440,000</td>
<td>$13,758</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$69,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$847,028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$69,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. Ostria</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$217,450</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>$9,154</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$383,939</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$1,029,572</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$383,939</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) Interim rTSR in December 2020 was calculated to be 83% for the 2019 grant and 75% for the 2020 grant.

The payments that would have been made to Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh and Mr. Ostria pursuant to the severance letter agreements following a change of control are presented in the following tables. Payments are calculated using the base salary and target bonus in effect as of a termination of employment on December 31, 2020. Severance costs are subject to change as base salary and target bonus amounts change over time. See discussion of 2021 Base Salary and Target bonuses on page 44.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pro Rata Bonus Target</th>
<th>Severance Payment</th>
<th>Welfare Benefits</th>
<th>Outplacement Services</th>
<th>Unvested Awards (1)(2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J. Morgan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$787,906</td>
<td>$1,125,580</td>
<td>$20,638</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$2,331,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$2,331,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$929,466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Welsh</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$616,000</td>
<td>$880,000</td>
<td>$20,638</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$847,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$847,073</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$69,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. Ostria</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With Cause</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Cause or for Good Reason</td>
<td>$434,900</td>
<td>$869,800</td>
<td>$13,731</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$1,029,573</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death or Disability</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$1,029,573</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retirement</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$ -</td>
<td>$383,939</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Based upon a value per share of $74.33, which was the closing market price of our common stock on the NASDAQ on December 31, 2020.

(2) Interim rTSR in December 2020 was calculated to be 83% for the 2019 grant and 75% for the 2020 grant.
**Payments in the Event of Death or Disability**

If any NEO dies or becomes disabled while employed by us, any unvested options or RSUs held by that NEO will vest and become exercisable immediately. PSAs will vest according to the target EPS for the period and the actual performance of the rTSR, with the date of death or disability serving as the end of the performance period for such measurement.

**Payments in the Event of Retirement**

If Mr. Wasson retires while employed by us, the PSAs will vest upon the date of retirement and be paid out based on the actual EPS and rTSR performance at the end of the measurement period.

If Mr. Morgan, Ms. Welsh or Mr. Ostria retires while employed by us, PSAs will vest according to the actual EPS and rTSR performance for the applicable performance period, as adjusted for the pro rata share of the performance period completed. The date of retirement shall serve as the end of the performance period for such measurement. All other equity awards will vest as if such NEO had voluntarily resigned.
HUMAN CAPITAL COMMITTEE REPORT

The Human Capital Committee has reviewed and discussed with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis included in this Proxy Statement. Based on this review and those discussions, the Human Capital Committee recommended to the Board that such Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement and was appropriate for incorporation by reference into the 2020 Form 10-K.

Human Capital Committee

/s/ Cheryl W. Grisé
Cheryl W. Grisé
Human Capital Committee Chairperson

/s/ Eileen O’Shea Auen
Eileen O’Shea Auen

/s/ Randall Mehl
Randall Mehl

/s/ Peter M. Schulte
Peter M. Schulte
DELINQUENT SECTION 16(A) REPORTS

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company’s executive officers, directors and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of equity securities to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC. Officers, directors and greater than 10% stockholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file.

Based solely upon our review of copies of the reports we received and written representations provided to us from the individuals required to file such reports, we believe that each of our executive officers, directors and greater than 10% stockholders have complied with applicable reporting requirements for transactions in our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2020.

STOCKHOLDERS’ PROPOSALS FOR THE 2022 ANNUAL MEETING

Under applicable SEC rules, any stockholder who intends to present a proposal at the 2022 annual meeting of stockholders and who wishes to have the proposal included in our proxy statement and form of proxy for that meeting must deliver the proposal to us at our executive offices no later than December 17, 2021, or, if next year’s annual meeting of stockholders is held on a date more than 30 calendar days from May 27, 2022, a stockholder proposal must be received a reasonable time before we begin to post, print and mail our proxy materials for such annual meeting of stockholders. All stockholder proposals must comply with all applicable rules and regulations adopted by the SEC.

The Company’s Bylaws provide that, in order for a stockholder to make nominations for the election of directors or proposals for business to be brought before the annual meeting of stockholders, a stockholder must deliver notice of such nominations and/or proposals to the Corporate Secretary no earlier than the close of business on the 120th day, and not later than the close of business on the 90th day, prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year’s annual meeting of stockholders (for next year’s 2022 annual meeting of stockholders, these dates would be January 27, 2022 and February 26, 2022, respectively). However, if the annual meeting of stockholders is more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, the notice must be received no earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting of stockholders and not later than the close of business on the later of the 90th day prior to the date of such annual meeting of stockholders. Further, if the date of the annual meeting of stockholders is more than 30 days before or more than 60 days after such anniversary date, and the first public announcement of the date of such annual meeting of stockholders is less than 100 days prior to the annual meeting date, notice must be delivered no later than the close of business on the 10th day following the public announcement date. A copy of the Bylaws may be obtained from the Company by writing to ICF International, Inc., 9300 Lee Highway, Fairfax, Virginia 22031, Attention: Corporate Secretary. In addition to the timing requirements set forth above, any stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals for business must comply with all other requirements set forth in the Company’s Bylaws.

SOLICITATION BY BOARD; EXPENSES OF SOLICITATION

We will pay all expenses in connection with the solicitation of the proxies. In addition to solicitation by mail, our directors, officers and employees may solicit proxies by telephone, electronically, in writing or in person, without receiving any extra compensation for such activities. The Company has engaged The Proxy Advisory Group, LLC, a proxy soliciting firm, to assist in the solicitation of proxies and provide related advice and informational support, for a services fee and the reimbursement of customary disbursements, which are not expected to exceed $15,000 in the aggregate. We also will reimburse brokers and nominees who hold shares in their names for expenses they incur to furnish proxy materials to the beneficial owners of such shares.

Any stockholder who has not received a copy of the Annual Report on Form 10-K may obtain a copy by writing to the Corporate Secretary of the Company. The Annual Report on Form 10-K is not to be treated as part of the proxy solicitation material or as having been incorporated by reference into this Proxy Statement.

ICF INTERNATIONAL, INC.

[Signature]

James E. Daniel
Corporate Secretary
ANNEX A

2020 ANNUAL INCENTIVE COMPENSATION ADJUSTED EPS - GAAP RECONCILIATION

The Human Capital Committee establishes performance factors as part of the Company's Annual Incentive Program. Included among the performance factors approved by such committee is the performance factor for Adjusted EPS. Since Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP measure, the reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure used by the Company is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual Incentive Program Adjusted EPS</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>COVID-19 Adjusted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(all numbers in thousands, except Adjusted EPS)</td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Income</td>
<td>54,959</td>
<td>2.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to facilities consolidations and office closures, and our future corporate headquarters (1)</td>
<td>1,852</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to retirement of Executive Chair (2)</td>
<td>8,825</td>
<td>0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment related to impairment of long-lived assets (3)</td>
<td>3,090</td>
<td>0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to severance for staff realignment (4)</td>
<td>4,764</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to acquisitions (5)</td>
<td>1,983</td>
<td>0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonus Expense (6)</td>
<td>17,500</td>
<td>0.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment for business impact of client curtailment of work due to Covid-19 (7)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Effect (8)</td>
<td>(10,036)</td>
<td>(0.52)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted Balances</td>
<td>$82,937</td>
<td>4.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Special charges related to facilities consolidations, office closures, and our future corporate headquarters: These costs are exit costs associated with terminated leases or full office closures. The exit costs include charges incurred under a contractual obligation that existed as of the date of the accrual and for which we will (i) continue to pay until the contractual obligation is satisfied but with no economic benefit to us or (ii) we contractually terminated the obligation and ceased utilizing the facilities. Additionally, we incurred one-time charges with respect to the execution of a new lease agreement for our corporate headquarters.

(2) Special charges related to retirement of Executive Chair: These costs include severance, pro rata incentive bonus, welfare benefits, and acceleration of equity awards we incurred under the departing officer's severance agreement during the fourth quarter of 2020. As a result of the employment agreement, the departing officer was able to maintain certain equity awards beyond his date of employment.
(3) Adjustment related to impairment of long-lived assets: We recognized impairment expense of $3.1 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 related to the impairment of right-of-use assets.

(4) Special charges related to severance for staff realignment: These costs are mainly due to involuntary employee termination benefits for Company officers, groups of employees who have been terminated as part of a consolidation or reorganization or, to the extent that the costs are not included in the previous two categories, involuntary employee termination benefits for employees who have been terminated as a result of COVID-19.

(5) Special charges related to acquisitions: These costs consist primarily of consultants and other outside third-party costs and integration costs associated with an acquisition.

(6) Elimination of incentive bonus accrued as part of net income as of December 31, 2020 to present the amount available for the determination of Annual Incentive Bonus.

(7) ICF experienced a downturn in certain areas of the business as a result of COVID-19. Although a decline occurred in revenue in the Commercial Marketing and Europe and Asia business, management developed and successfully implemented a significant mitigation of the impact on EPS and EBITDA results and took action in areas including enhanced benefits, employment continuation and severance to mitigate the impact on employees. The Committee approved an adjustment to both 2020 Adjusted EPS and Company Gross Revenue for the purpose of determining the 2020 Annual Incentive Award. To acknowledge this effort and resiliency, the Committee approved a special adjustment to the 2020 Adjusted EPS. However, to limit the adjustment as appropriate during a global pandemic, final adjustments were set to reflect no more than target achievement. Adjusted EPS used for incentive calculation were reduced to target levels.

(8) Income tax effects were calculated using an effective U.S. GAAP tax rate of 26.4% for the year ended December 31, 2020.
ANNEX B

2020 PSA ADJUSTED EPS - GAAP RECONCILIATION

In connection with PSAs, upon completion of an Initial Performance Period, the 2010 Incentive Plan and the 2018 Incentive Plan, as the case may be, and the Performance Program require that the Human Capital Committee (i) reviews the performance of the Company and propose adjustments to the reported EPS; and (ii) determines the PSA Adjusted EPS in accordance with the PSA Agreement and our 2010 Incentive Plan and the 2018 Incentive Plan, as the case may be, which may exclude certain specified items. These exclusions are intended to ensure that the participants are compensated for the Company’s performance and are neither penalized nor rewarded for certain categories of specified adjustments.

For purposes of calculating the PSA Adjusted EPS for the PSAs granted in 2020 and 2019, the Human Capital Committee began with the Company's reported diluted EPS of $2.87 and $3.59 for fiscal year 2020 and 2019, respectively, and excluded categories of items and amounts to arrive at the PSA Adjusted EPS. Since PSA Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP measure, see the reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure below:

**PSA Adjusted EPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2020 Adjusted EPS</th>
<th>2019 Adjusted EPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diluted Earnings Per Share</td>
<td>$ 2.87</td>
<td>$ 3.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to facilities consolidations and office closures, and our future corporate headquarters (^{(1)})</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to retirement of Executive Chair (^{(2)})</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment related to impairment of long-lived assets (^{(3)})</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to severance for staff realignment (^{(4)})</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges related to acquisitions (^{(5)})</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>0.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special charges due to infrastructure expenses (^{(6)})</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income tax effects on amortization, special charges, and adjustments (^{(7)})</td>
<td>(0.29)</td>
<td>(0.06)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ITG Acquisition adjustment, net of tax (^{(8)})</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PSA Adjusted Earnings Per Share</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 3.90</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 3.79</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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\(^{(1)}\) Special charges related to facilities consolidations, office closures, and our future corporate headquarters: These costs are exit costs associated with terminated leases or full office closures. The exit costs include charges incurred under a contractual
obligation that existed as of the date of the accrual and for which we will (i) continue to pay until the contractual obligation is satisfied but with no economic benefit to us or (ii) we contractually terminated the obligation and ceased utilizing the facilities. Additionally, we incurred one-time charges with respect to the execution of a new lease agreement for our corporate headquarters.

(2) Special charges related to retirement of Executive Chair: These costs include severance, pro rata incentive bonus, welfare benefits, and acceleration of equity awards we incurred under the departing officer’s severance agreement during the fourth quarter of 2020. As a result of the employment agreement, the departing officer was able to maintain certain equity awards beyond his date of employment.

(3) Adjustment related to impairment of intangible assets: We recognized impairment expense of $3.1 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 related to the impairment of right-of-use assets.

(4) Special charges related to severance for staff realignment: These costs are mainly due to involuntary employee termination benefits for Company officers, groups of employees who have been terminated as part of a consolidation or reorganization or, to the extent that the costs are not included in the previous two categories, involuntary employee termination benefits for employees who have been terminated as a result of COVID-19.

(5) Special charges related to acquisitions: These costs consist primarily of consultants and other outside third-party costs and integration costs associated with an acquisition, exclusive of the ITG acquisition costs which are accounted for in the ITG Acquisition Adjustment below.

(6) Special charges due to infrastructure expenses: These costs are related to costs incurred in developing and upgrading internal software and processes for future operations.

(7) Income tax effects were calculated using an effective U.S. GAAP tax rate of 26.4% and 23.6%, prior to the adjustments for changes in the tax rate under new tax regulations, for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(8) The Committee also approved a positive adjustment in the amount of .21 cents per share to neutralize the ITG acquisition’s negative impact on Adjusted EPS for performance shares for the previously awarded 2019 grant.